Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1902. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Who'll Be First?

That's the question, and those who were here yesterday fully appreciate it. Such a crowd you never saw and such a scramble for this thing or that—you'd thought there wasn't another Xmas store in Newport. Well, there isn't, where there are so many pretty things at such terribly little prices. If you'd marked the goods yourself you wouldn't have put them lower. A busy store—but comfortable. That's the place for Xmas shoppers—that's here.

Picture Gift Thoughts.

QUEEN WILHELMINA.
This beautiful head has found great favor among art connoisseurs and gift-seekers. With rich black frame it is particularly striking. 25c.

MADONNAS.
Easel pictures on glass with dainty gray frames, 25c.

PANELS.
Favorite subjects in shadows with artistic frames, with gilt ornaments, 50c.

OLD ENGLISH PRINTS.
Colored prints, copies of old English character sketches in Flemish frames, 30c.

PLACQUES.
Some marvelous bronze effects that savor of the lost art—mural designs, classic heads and sandles of the Orient, from 15c.

OTHER PICTURES.
Reproductions of famous masterpieces in artos, engravings, and pastels, with Florentine, gold and dark oak frames, from $2.00

Children's Xmas Delights.

Shooflies,	75c.
Rocking Horses,	$2.10.
Express Wagons,	45c.
Doll Carriages,	$1.00.
Go-Carts,	65c.
Sleighs,	38c.
Rocking Chairs,	75c.
High Chairs,	$1.10
Fur Robes,	$3.35

A World of Loveliness

In China.

LIMOGES
Stands "par excellence" in the China world. Too high priced for giving ordinarily; but in "Fairyland" such a thing as "high priced" doesn't exist.
A few examples:

A. D. Cups and Saucers,	20c.
Loving Cups,	$1.25

COPENHAGEN.
Stripped of the sentiment of exclusiveness and of a good part of its price this exquisite ware stands in marked contrast to some of the showier, better known makes. Some of the pieces and prices:

Pin Trays,	20c.
Salt and Pepper Shakers,	25c.
Puff Boxes,	40c.
Candlesticks,	60c.
Tea Caddies,	75c.

ROYAL SAXE.
Is it blue or green—neither and both. Such an exquisite coloring, you can scarcely call it anything but—delightful; and such odd, artistic shapes. Vases with long slender necks and vases with no necks at all, each with the most delicately traced designs in gold and colors, for 60c.

CARLSBAD.

Pretty Cupid Covered Vases,	10c.
Spoon Trays,	30c.
Ink Stands, with Trays,	35c.
Celery Trays,	40c.
Chocolate Pots,	50c.

Open every evening until Xmas.

A. C. TITUS CO.

I make this offer rather than remove stock into my new store.

"Butternut" Corn,	11c. a can; $1.20 a doz.
" " Tomatoes,	12c. a can; $1.35 a doz.
Succotash,	12½c. a can; 1.40 a doz.
Lima Beans,	16c. a can; $1.75 a doz.
Peas, "E. June Sifted,"	15c. a can; $1.75 a doz.
String Beans,	17c. a can; $1.90 a doz.
Peas, "Tom Thumb,"	14c. a can; $1.55 a doz.
Beets,	12c. a can; $1.35 a doz.

These are all fancy goods. We have cheaper brands.

Coggeshall Farm Eggs.

J. A. BARKER, Perry Mill Building.

Wanted.

We have customers who are in the market to purchase the following:
1st. Nice house ten (10) or more rooms, modern improvements, from Bull street, to Mann avenue. Will pay from $4,000 to $6,000.
2d. House and barn, vicinity of Church street. Moderate price.
3d. Land for stable, off upper Thames street.
We have several first-class families who wish to rent places at a reasonable price.

WM. E. BRIGHTMAN, Cor. Spring and Franklin Streets.

Telephone 951. Open Saturday Evenings.

SMALL POX AT SHILOH, MAINE.

Patient and Seven Members of Holy Ghost and Us Society Quarantined.

LISBON FALLS, Me., Dec. 16.—A case of small pox has been discovered in the Holy Ghost and Us community at Shiloh. Prompt measures have been taken to protect the health of the settlement, but there is considerable apprehension, as Mrs. Susie Jenkins, who has the disease, had been attending meetings and mingling with friends until last Wednesday. Besides Mrs. Jenkins, seven other persons have been quarantined in a cottage which has been set aside for the purpose.

Mrs. Jenkins, who is colored, belongs in New York, but came to Shiloh over a week ago. She was taken sick at the temple at Shiloh. Yesterday the state board of health was notified that the case had excited suspicion. Dr. Milliken of Hallowell, inspector for the state board, visited the patient today, and at once pronounced the disease small pox. Quarantine was established and seven members of the society who had been directly exposed to the contagion were restricted. There are about 375 people at Shiloh.

Dead from the Effects of Being Scalded

AMESBURY, Mass., Dec. 16.—Mrs. Mirac[illegible]et True, aged 82 years, is dead here, from the effects of injuries received last week, when she overturned a kettle of boiling water and was scalded.

SLAUGHTERING VERMONT CATTLE.

Method of Destroying Carcasses an Item of Considerable Expense.

CHESTER, Vt., Dec. 16.—The slaughter of cattle having foot and mouth disease continues in this section. A herd of 29 head, belonging to Frank P. Wells, and several hogs, and 27 cattle and 37 hogs belonging to F. W. Adams have been slaughtered and burned in the past three days, and today the herd belonging to LeRoy Wells, 15 in number, was killed. All these cattle were within one mile of Chester village. Aside from the cost of the cattle, the method of destroying the carcasses is an item of considerable expense, as in burning them one cord of wood is needed for every 10 cattle.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Dec. 15, Bohemian, from Liverpool.
Liverpool, Dec. 15, Saxonia, from Boston.
Gibraltar, Dec. 15, Lahn, from New York.
Antwerp, Dec. 15, Zealand, from New York.
Plymouth, Dec. 15, Pennsylvania, from New York.
Boston, Dec. 16, Toronto, from Hull.

DECEMBER 13, 1902. OPEN EVENINGS.

XMAS PRESENTS—Useful, Handsome and Unique,

Can be selected from our large stock of

China, Embroideries, Rugs and Furniture

IN TRAYS [illegible] 5c., 10c., 15c. and 20c.
JAPANESE GONGS, $1.25 and $5 a set.
BARKER JARS, hand painted, 50c. only.
TEA CUPS, 50c. to $1.50.
HAND WARMERS, 15c. and 50c.
ROYAL KAZA CHOCOLATE POTS, $1.50.
SMOKING SETS, $1 and $1.25.
JARDINIERES, over a hundred styles to select from, 10c. up.

An Invoice of 200 Lamps Opened This Week.

Secure one before they are picked over, at 60c., 75c., $1.00 and $1.50.

WRITING DESKS, $1.50 up.
TEA CHAIRS, at $3.
CHAIRS, complete with the cushions.
TABLES, $2.50 to $13.50.
ELEGANT PARLOR CHAIRS, polished frame, upholstered back and seat, at $2.50 only.
KULIM RUGS, $2.50 to $25.
EMBROIDERED TABLE COVERS, 75c. up.

Our Framed Pictures are Works of Art,
And will be admired by all the lovers of the beautiful.

KAZANJIAN & CO., 140, 142 & 144 Bellevue Ave.

NOW TOO LATE TO ARBITRATE CLAIMS.

Germany Has Not Yet Replied to Castro's Offer.

Conduct of America Regarded as Strong and Dignified.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The German government has not yet replied to President Castro's offer of arbitration, but is still in correspondence with the British government on the subject. It is intimated that Germany's reply is not likely to be ready for some days. The opinion in the cabinet appears to be that President Castro's proposals are merely a move in a game designed to see what Germany and Great Britain are now willing to do, and as a test also of American public feeling. The prevailing idea here at present is that it is too late to arbitrate and that the acceptance of the offer to do so would place Germany in the position of having put her hand to the plow and then looking backward.

The government's concern at the present moment is to guide the application of force so as to avoid what could be taken internationally as a declaration of war, resulting in the recognition of Venezuela as a belligerent. The conduct of the United States is regarded in diplomatic opinion here as being strong and dignified, and the State Department's handling of the affair is looked upon as establishing Europe's recognition of the Monroe doctrine, because every step of Germany and Great Britain was made after taking into account what the United States' view would be. At the same time it is alleged that events in Venezuela are saving the United States many future complications by telling the Latin republics understand that the United States will not protect them from the effects of financial delinquency and internal disorder.

WORTHY OF RECOGNITION.

Brave Rescue of Crew of Waterlogged Schooner Off Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, Dec. 16.—The captain and four men of schooner Grenada have abandoned their vessel in a waterlogged condition. She was bound from Sydney for this port with coal, and the men were taken off yesterday 40 miles outside Sambro, by steamer Lake Megantic, from St. John bound to Liverpool, England. They saved nothing, and the deck was awash when they left. The Lake Megantic then came in toward the coast far enough to put the men on board a vessel at Halifax harbor.

A passenger of the Lake Megantic sent a letter ashore stating that the rescue was a difficult one, and worthy of recognition by the Canadian government.

Vanderbilt a Very Sick Man.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Dr. Austin Flint made an early morning call at the home of Cornelius Vanderbilt today, and later said that Mr. Vanderbilt is a very sick man; there has been no change in his condition from that of yesterday, and the crisis will not be passed for two or three days.

United Fruit Company's Quarterly Dividend.

BOSTON, Dec. 16.—The directors of the United Fruit Company today declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable January 15, to stock of record of December 31.

ITALY TO ACT WITH THE OTHER POWERS

Claims for Losses Incurred in Recent Revolutions.

Government Does Not Anticipate Serious Action.

ROME, Dec. 16.—The claims of Italy on Venezuela referred to by Foreign Minister Prinetti in the chamber of deputies here yesterday comprises losses sustained by Italians during the recent revolutions. Most of the 7,618 Italian residents of Venezuela have been heavy losers. The Poggioli firm, from Elba island, is the greatest sufferer. All its property was sacked. Other important losers are an engineer, named Martini, and ex-Deputy Fagi, controller of the Maricual coal mines, which were invaded by the Venezuelan troops, who destroyed everything and obliged the Italian miners to flee from the country. All the marble works in Venezuela, besides other industries, were in the hands of Italians; hence the aggregate of the Italian claims for damages is large.

The instructions transmitted to Captain Orsini, commander of Italian cruiser Giovanni Bausan, now at La Guayra, are to act in full accord with the British and German commanders in the blockade of the Venezuelan coast and any other measures which may be considered necessary in order to reach the desired object. The Italian government, however, does not anticipate having to operate in any very serious action.

Italian cruiser Elba, it is expected, will reach La Guayra January 4.

No further orders have been sent to Italian armored cruiser Carlo Alberto to leave Canadian waters for Venezuela.

It is said here that Signor Mayor des Planches, the Italian ambassador at Washington, has asked Secretary Hay to request Minister Bowen to assume the protection of the Italians in Venezuela if such a step becomes necessary, and that Mr. Hay has complied with the request.

IF VENEZUELA APPROVES.

Minister Bowen to Assume Charge of Italian Interests.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Italian ambassador called at the State Department today and advised Secretary Hay that Italy has joined the allies in the operations against Venezuela. He requested that Mr. Bowen assume charge of Italian interests in Venezuela. The secretary granted this request, subject to the approval of Venezuela. Italy enters the combination on the same basis as to abstention from territorial seizures as Germany and Great Britain.

Failing to hear from Europe as to Mr. Bowen's proposal to arbitrate the Venezuelan troubles, Secretary Hay addressed cablegrams today to the United States ambassadors at London, Berlin and Rome, instructing them to call the matter again to the attention of the governments to which they are accredited, with a view to securing an early expression of opinion from them.

TO BLOCKADE THE PORTS.

Allies May Take Further Coercive Measures Against Venezuela.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Replying to a question in the House of Lords today, Lord Lansdowne, the foreign secretary, said that if the seizure of the Venezuelan gunboats did not produce the desired effect, further coercive measures would be employed. The matter had been considered in consultation with Germany, and it had been decided to resort to a blockade of the ports. It was not intended to land a British force; and, still less, to occupy Venezuelan territory.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons today, Under Foreign Secretary Cranborne said that no attempt had been made by Great Britain to refer the dispute with Venezuela to arbitration.

Discuss Venezuelan Crisis and King's Speech.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Premier Balfour presided at a cabinet meeting held at the foreign office at noon today. The Venezuelan crisis and the King's speech at the proroguing of Parliament were the principal matters considered.

BECAUSE OF LACK OF COAL.

Fuel Shortage Causes Suspension of Business in Rhode Island Mills.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 16.—Shortage of fuel caused the suspension of operations today of the Queen Dyeing Company, this city, employing 400 hands, and the Clyde print works at Clyde, employing 650 hands, and the Morgan mills at Johnston were forced to stop the operation of heavy machinery. In order to make the small supply of coal on hand last as long as possible; it is hoped that the lighter machinery will be kept going for several days yet.

Half a dozen mills and bleacheries hereabouts have only enough coal to keep their wheels turning from day to day, and any delay in the arrival of coal enforces suspension of work until the fuel has been delivered.

MIDDLEMEN PAYING $11 AND $12 A TON

Independent Coal Operator on the Witness Stand.

Pennsylvania Should Prohibit Child Labor at Night.

SCRANTON, Penn., Dec. 16.—When the coal strike commission met today Chairman Gray opened the proceedings by saying that the commissioners were impressed with the spectacle of the little girls who were before the commission yesterday, and testified that they worked all night. He said the people of the community and citizens of the commonwealth should not let the incident pass without taking some steps to have the legislature of Pennsylvania seriously consider the enactment of a law which will forbid the employment of children at night. At the suggestion of the commission, the statement of the wages of the fathers of two of the girls were presented. One earned more than $1,000 last year and the other over $900.

The miners sprung another surprise by calling an independent operator to the witness stand to testify against the operators. He was John C. Haddock of Wilkesbarre, president of the Plymouth Rock Coal Company. Mr. Haddock was questioned by C. S. Darrow, for the miners. He said that he had been in the coal business 35 years. His company operates the Black Diamond and Dodson mines near Wilkesbarre. He said that his company went into the hands of receivers March 18, but November 14 trustees took hold of the property.

He explained that the miner's ton, which runs from 2,700 to 2,200 pounds, was fixed years ago, so that the employer could get out of the ton 2,240 pounds of pure coal above the size of pea. Pea coal and all sizes below that were waste; this waste is now being utilized. Regarding the price of coal, Mr. Haddock said the middlemen in New York are paying $11 and $12 a ton.

Judge Gray: "Do they pay the operators that price?"

"Possibly," was the reply.

NEW YORK'S SECRET INQUIRY.

District Attorney Refuses to Name the Witnesses in Canfield Hearing.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—The secret inquiry instituted by District Attorney Jerome before Justice Wyatt, of the court of special sessions, aimed at Richard A. Canfield, was begun today. The district attorney refused to say whom he had summoned as witnesses, saying it would be a misdemeanor if he did so. The hearing was begun at about 10:20 o'clock, and fifteen minutes later A. A. Houseman, the broker, left the room in which the hearing was held. In answer to a question, he said that he testified that he was never in Canfield's place, and was then excused.

The hearing adjourned before noon.

STEEL TRUST CONVERSION PLAN.

E. B. Whitney's Testimony Before the New Jersey Court of Appeals.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—The argument of Edward B. Whitney attorney for J. Aspinwall Hodge, before the New Jersey court of errors and appeals, to restrain the execution of the United States steel corporation's $250,000,000 stock conversion plan, has been made public. Mr. Whitney contends that the directors of the corporation had plenty of time, after the granting of an injunction by Vice Chancellor Emery, to call a new meeting of stockholders early in December to ratify the conversion plan, but he submits that the reason this course was not pursued was that the prices of the stockholders could not have been obtained a second time.

His reason for this belief, he says, is that the stockholders now know what they did not know last April, namely, that instead of voting for a prompt issue of $250,000,000 of bonds, for underwriting which they were to pay J. P. Morgan & Co. a 4 per cent commission, they were procuring only a $100,000,000 issue, while J. P. Morgan & Co. were obtaining an option on the remaining $150,000,000 to the detriment of the company, but to a possible advantage to themselves so great as to make the $100,000,000 commission insignificant.

According to Mr. Whitney's argument, the preferred stockholders were divided by the scheme into three classes, the first consisting of J. P. Morgan & Co., to whom the bonds were offered at 96; the second, of persons selected by J. P. Morgan & Co., who were to pay 96 1-5, and the third, of the other preferred stockholders, who were to pay 100.

The argument contains an attack on the valuation of $452,566,100 put on the Carnegie Company's property by the United States Steel Corporation, which sum, according to Mr. Whitney, is $111,000,000 in excess of the real value of the property.

In connection with the value of the corporations assets, Mr. Whitney says: "All through the affidavits submitted by the defendants it is clear that their basis of valuations is the monopoly value of this company's business."

WRECK ON THE ALABAMA SOUTHERN.

Two Missing Express Messengers Thought to be Under the Debris.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 16.—The south-bound limited express on the Alabama Great Southern railroad was wrecked near Moundville, 60 miles south of here, today, a rail having been removed near a trestle. Two express messengers are missing, and are supposed to be under the wreck. No passengers are reported killed. The train was en route from Cincinnati to New Orleans.

TROUSERINGS.

Some very neat and Stylish Effects.

COMMERFORD,
Importing Tailor,
218 Thames Street.

Holiday Packages

OF OUR

Standard Cigars.

VERY LATEST STYLES OF
FRENCH BRIAR PIPES.
Finest Goods. Reasonable Prices.

J. D. RICHARDSON & CO.
205 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

Second Edition.

FLEES TO UNITED STATES LEGATION.

General Saint-Foix Gobin of Hayti Seeks Refuge.

State of Great Excitement Prevails in Port au Prince.

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Dec. 16.—General Saint-Foix Gobin, minister of the interior and opponent of General Nord in the contest for the presidency, has sought refuge in the United States legation.

There has been much firing in the city, and a state of great excitement prevails.

NO CALL FOR ASSISTANCE.

No Help Asked from the $50,000,000 Pool of New York Bankers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Up to noon today no call for assistance had been received by the $50,000,000 pool, organized by the leading banking interests as a protective measure. Call money opened at 6 per cent today, and was in moderate demand. The rate for time money was practically unchanged for 60 and 90 days, at about 7 per cent. Sterling exchange was slightly firmer, and the only noteworthy change in the domestic market was a surplus of New Orleans exchange on this city.

There has been no currency transfer out of this city for some days, and indications point to a return of money from various interior points.

Death of George Butler Magoun.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—The death of George Butler Magoun, of the brokerage firm of Magoun Bros. & Co., was announced today.

OSTEOPATHY.

CLARENCE H. WALL, D. O.,
Office 124 Mill Street,
NEAR BELLEVUE AVENUE.
Hours 9 to 4. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain $.50

By a simple application to the gums we remove any number of teeth or roots absolutely without pain.
No dangerous drugs used.
Dr. Jackson's Sleeping Vapor is the only safe anesthetic for patients with weak heart or lungs; and our prices are only half those usually charged.

Full set teeth,	$6.00 up
Gold Crown,	5.00 up
Gold fillings,	1.50 up
Silver fillings,	.50 up
Cleaning,	.50 up

JACKSON DENTAL CO.,
165 Thames Street.
Open till 9 o'clock. Sundays, 10 till 1.

Geo. E. Vernon & Co.

Choice Holiday Gifts.

91 JOHN STREET.

R. I. Roasting and Broiling

CHICKENS,

Island Fowl,
Vermont Turkeys,
Squabs, etc., etc.

THE MARLBOROUGH MARKET,
94 THAMES STREET.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers Issued to the Department Today.

(Special dispatch to the News.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The following orders were issued by the Navy Department today:

Lieutenant James E. Palmer, detached from the Mare Island navy yard, and ordered to the Marblehead.

Assistant Surgeon Samuel S. Rodman, unexpired sick leave revoked, and ordered to duty on the Pensacola.

Lord.

THE ROBINSON,

CATHERINE ST.,
Having been newly fitted with hot water heat in every room, will be
Open Through the Winter
for permanent and transient guests.
(The comfort and excellence of the table is well known.)

Don't Cough,

TRY POWELL'S
WHITE PINE COUGH SYRUP.
IT CURES.
Powell's Drug Store
Thames and Pelham Sts.

THE BEE HIVE.

We offer to you a carefully selected stock of goods which are useful and always acceptable Christmas gifts:

Men's Neckties, Tecks, Eng'h Squares, Puffs, and Four-in-Hands, choice styles, 25c. and 50c.
Woolen Dressing Sacques all colors, 50c., 75c., 98c. and $1.25.
Beaded Chatelaine Bags, 75c. to $4.50.
Leather Chatelaine and Wrist Bags, 25c. to $2.49.
Ladies' and Men's Umbrellas, 75c. to $5.
Sateen and Moreen Petticoats, 98c. to $3.95.
Silk Petticoats, $4.95 to $10
Pocketbooks and Purses, 10c. to $2.50.
Children's Fur Sets, $1 to $4.95.
Sofa Pillows, $1 to $5.
Fans, 25c. to $1.50.
Bureau Scarfs, 25c. to $3.95
Renaissance Tidies, all sizes
Flannel Waists, 98c. to $3.75
Velvet Waists, $2.25 and $3.75.
Fur Scarfs, $2.75 to $15.
Muffs, $1.49 to $9.50.
Woolen Gloves, 25c. and 50c.
Lined Kid Gloves, $1 to $1.50.
Embroidered Handkerchiefs 10c. to $2.50.
Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 10c. to 50c.
Neck Ruffs, 98c. to $7.50.
Feather Boas, $1.50 to $10.
Silk Mufflers, 75c. to $1.50.
Aprons, 12 1-2c. to 75c.
Pillow Shams, 50c. to $2 a pair.

Also a new, replenished line of fancy articles, which are all sold at special low prices.

This Morning's News

MONROE DOCTRINE UPHELD.

Interesting Debate in Parliament on the Venezuelan Situation.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The House was crowded this evening, when the Venezuelan matter came up for debate. Henry White, American charge d'affaires, had a seat in the diplomatic gallery.

Mr. Schwann, after having expressed surprise that the government was anxious for another war, after South Africa, said he hoped arbitration would be accepted, because, although President Roosevelt is anxious to act correctly, the situation is full of danger and the President's hand might be forced by politicians.

Lord Cranborne spoke after Mr. Schwann. He reproached this member with a desire to discredit the government. He said that Great Britain had to perform police duty among the nations, and had to prevent Venezuela from breaking the law of nations. The United States took the sensible view that Great Britain's insistence that Venezuela should meet her engagements was no infraction of the Monroe doctrine. "No country has been more anxious than Great Britain," said Lord Cranborne, "to assist the American government in maintaining that doctrine." This remark was greeted with cheers.

Continuing, the under foreign secretary said the British government has displayed great forbearance; that it was only after Venezuela had been thrice summoned to do right that the government was driven to strong measures to secure the safety, liberty and property of British subjects in Venezuela, and that in the execution of these measures the government desires to pursue the same course of moderation.

Lord Cranborne said, also, that the blockade will be carried out with every regard for the interests of neutrals.

The Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, voiced his strong dissatisfaction with Lord Cranborne's speech. He complained of the lack of information about the German and British claims, which, he said, seem to be on a different footing. "We can do nothing with regard to our claims," continued the Liberal leader, "unless the Germans are perfectly satisfied with the settlement of their claims. Such an agreement is contrary to the country's best interests. The noble lord has said nothing about an important communication received from the United States; there would be universal satisfaction if this communication was of such a nature as to lead to a peaceful solution of what, after all, seems to be a somewhat squalid difficulty."

Premier Balfour then spoke. He accused the mover and the seconder of the motion to adjourn of a desire to discredit the government, and said this is not the way to approach a painful international episode. The premier declared that there is no justification for the assumption that the government is prepared to go to war for the Venezuelan bondholders. The crux of the matter, the premier said, is a series of outrages by Venezuelans on British seamen and ship owners, for which not only has compensation been refused, but Great Britain's remonstrances have been entirely disregarded. It is an intolerable situation, and the premier denied that the government has been unduly hasty. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman appeared to desire to co-operate with Germany on his own peculiar terms, but few allies would be prepared to act on such a basis.

Continuing, Mr. Balfour said that, insofar as the financial claims are concerned, the government is prepared to agree to a tribunal to assess them equitably. He said, also, that the United States government has not suggested arbitration. Anglo-German interests in Venezuela have been entrusted to the American minister at Caracas, Mr. Bowen, who, with admirable energy, has protected the lives of British and German subjects.

The premier said he understood that it was from Venezuela, through the United States, that the suggestion for arbitration had come. On that point he would only say it was unfortunate that Venezuela should not have thought of the advantages of arbitration during the long period covered by those controversies, but that, on the contrary, she should have refused all explanation or apology until actually engaged in hostilities; then this idea of arbitration suddenly commended itself to their minds. The premier said he would say nothing for or against this idea, and repeated that it had not come from the government of the United States.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt and other members of the house then criticised the government for its action and pressed for additional information. Timothy M. Healy, Nationalist, declared that the Irish vote in America had driven the British government into a humiliating alliance with Germany, and warned the government that it is in a perilous position, owing to the state of political feeling in the United States.

Replying to questions, Premier Balfour said Italy is sending warships to Venezuelan waters, but that there is no agreement between Italy and Great Britain as there was between Great Britain and Germany.

Referring to the Anglo-German fleets on the Venezuelan coasts, the premier said there is no question of seniority, as the two fleets are acting along different parts of the coast and independently of each other.

Mr. Schwann's motion was rejected without a division.

EXCEEDED THEIR PROMISES.

Allies Said to Have Gone Beyond Program Submitted to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—That Senators and Representatives look upon the Venezuelan situation as something more than unpleasant was indicated today by this statement from a prominent member of the Senate:

"The situation in Venezuela is a very serious one and grows more and more threatening each day. In two instances have the allied powers gone beyond the program as mapped out to the United States—the sinking of Venezuelan ships and the destruction of the forts at Puerto Cabello. Keeping in mind the Monroe doctrine, which this country is bound to defend, no true American citizen can view these proceedings without the deepest concern. No gun was ever fired in the world that did not mean trouble."

While all business houses look upon the situation as one of great gravity, there is a strong and continued disposition to trust to the good judgment, ability and diplomacy of President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay, and no other opinion is expressed at the capital than that the case has so far been admirably handled on the part of the United States government.

TO INVADE NICARAGUA.

Colombia to Carry Out Her Threat to Attack Sister Republic.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—It is the intention of Colombia to carry out her threat to attack Nicaragua, now that her own revolutionary movement has subsided, according to advices of a semi-official character which have been received.

The Colombian army officers at Panama and Colon are steadily but quietly making ready for an invasion of Nicaragua. It is stated further that there is a double reason for the attack. Colombia wishes to take forcible possession of the Mosquito strip, which would give control of both routes available for an Isthmian canal, and so enable her to make her own terms, and she must find congenial employment for the Colombian soldiers, who, having been fighting rebels for four years, cannot be easily turned to ways of peace, and would, it is feared, start a new revolution if not allowed an outlet for their energies outside of Colombia.

The advices are to the effect that the officials in Managua are seriously disturbed at the outlook, and are casting about for means to avert the attack by Colombia.

SUMMONS TO MANILA.

Generals Chaffee and Smith to Testify in the Glenn Case.

MANILA, Dec. 15.—The court-martial which is to try Major Edwin F. Glenn of the Fifth Infantry has decided to summon Generals Chaffee and Smith from the United States to testify as to orders given during the conduct of the campaign on the island of Samar and to the character of the campaign waged there.

The court-martial was organized today, and Major Glenn was arraigned. The formal charge against the major is that he unlawfully and wilfully killed seven prisoners of war, to the prejudice of good order and military discipline and in violation of the sixty-second article of war.

Major Glenn first entered a special plea, denying the jurisdiction of the court, on the ground that it lacked power to try a prisoner charged with murder in times of peace. Judge Advocate Godler depied that Major Glenn was charged with murder, and the court overruled the objection.

Major Glenn then pleaded not guilty. The defense submitted a request asking the court to summon four witnesses, including Generals Chaffee and Smith, from the United States. This request was granted. The prosecution then asked for an adjournment, owing to the non-arrival of certain witnesses from Samar. The court will decide tomorrow whether or not to send a steamer to Samar to bring the witnesses there to Manila or adjourn until January.

Captain W. C. Rogers of the Twenty-seventh infantry will be tried before the Glenn court-martial tomorrow. Captain Rogers is charged with using disrespectful language to General Davis and other officers. He applied for leave, which was denied. It is alleged that the captain thereupon created a scene in General Davis's anteroom.

DR. HERSHEY SUSTAINED.

Boston Presbytery Votes Not to Accept His Resignation.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Out of the controversy which has shaken the First Presbyterian Church of this city, Rev. Dr. Scott F. Hershey, the pastor, has come unscathed. His vindication was made complete today by the action of the Boston presbytery, which met at the First Presbyterian Church, Brookline, and voted unanimously not to accept the resignation of Dr. Hershey as pastor of the church. The action of the presbytery is another victory for Dr. Hershey. The complainants who attended the meeting served notice on the ministers assembled that they intended to appeal to the higher church tribunal, claiming that the presbytery had exceeded its powers in taking the action it did.

This controversy has been going on for several months, and the vote of the presbytery today was another very positive and complete exoneration of the pastor. This particular proceeding was far and away the most important of the afternoon's deliberations. Various arguments were submitted in presenting the case, and other matters ordinarily regarded as of considerable moment in the Boston Presbyterian councils were quickly disposed of in the face of the much more important matter. Rev. Dr. Robert J. Todd of Quincy and Elder Christie were appointed to defend the action of the presbytery in not accepting Dr. Hershey's resignation. A strong representation of members of the First Presbyterian Church were present to urge upon the presbytery not to accept the resignation. Dr. Hershey is in the South and is not expected to return for some time.

FOR RELIEF OF WALL STREET.

Bankers Form a Pool to Loan Money in an Emergency.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Important banking interests in this city completed arrangements today to lend $50,000,000 in Wall Street should the exigencies of the stock market demand it. A syndicate has been formed and hard and fast contract entered into by which each of the subscribing banks and institutions agrees to supply the funds if panicky conditions prevail.

The management of the $50,000,000 pool is in the hands of J. P. Morgan, James Stillman, president of the National City Bank, and George F. Baker, president of the First National Bank. The announcement of the formation of such a syndicate, backed by the most powerful leaders in the United States dispelled the gloom which has overhung Wall Street for many days.

Originally, it was intended that only a few of the downtown institutions would be invited, but it was subsequently decided to make the pool as strong as possible. In the contract signed today the following agree to supply $5,000,000 each: First National, J. P. Morgan & Co., National City, Chase, Bank of Commerce, Hanover, Western National and the Park National; the Corn Exchange, $2,500,000; the Chemical, $1,000,000, and the Bank of New York, $1,000,000.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

(New York Tribune.)

Egyptian cotton valued at millions of dollars was imported into the United States in the year which closed June 30. In the days of old Rameses what wildest of dreamers could have imagined that the Nile valleys would ever furnish material for whirling looms in the undiscovered country of the unknown and unforeseen Yankee? But is it not possible that a more extensive and energetic production of the Sea Island fiber of the choicest quality in our southern states might lessen the importation from the ancient land of Pharaoh and Pharaoh?

MANY STATES BENEFITED BY THE IRRIGATION BILL.

"For the first time in the history of the country," said ex-Congressman Lafe Pence of Colorado recently, "we have a President who understands the West and knows its needs. Cleveland, I believe, got as far as Omaha, Harrison made two trips to the Pacific slope and McKinley made one which was interfered with by the illness of Mrs. McKinley. President Roosevelt has lived in the West and is the only President who ever got out of sight of a railroad in the great undeveloped West. This fact is brought forcibly to my mind because the West is beginning to display new energy under the reclamation act of the last session of Congress which is the result of President Roosevelt's earnest appeal to a few careless friends of the West in the Senate and House. Fifteen states and territories will be benefited by this act and will not cost the government a cent. Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Nevada, Arizona, Wyoming, Nebraska, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, California and Washington all have arid lands. Under this act the arid lands will be reclaimed and the people who enter them will pay for the system of irrigation.

"There are a few spots irregularly watered by the rains, but most of the land west of the one-hundredth meridian will be improved under this law. Altogether about one-third of the United States will be reclaimed. President Roosevelt and a few other men deserve monuments on every section of this land. My prediction is that in the next 25 years over 1,000,000 acres of arid land will be improved and occupied under this law. Altogether over 100,000,000 are involved. This means homesteads of 80 acres for several millions of people and a homestead of reliably watered land need not be over 80 acres. The old homestead law provided for 160 acres, but that was because the land was timbered and it took a man a lifetime to clear it and get part of it under civilization. History shows that on the Nile and elsewhere irrigated land is worth three times as much as land depending upon uncertain and ill-timed rains. In the great West are high mountains where snow always falls in winter and melts in summer. The water supply is abundant and unfailing. There are natural reservoirs where the water coming down from the mountains can be collected and retained any length of time and there is fertile land below.

"Any crop except corn can be raised on this land. Corn will not mature. The cold nights come too soon for corn. Fruit will grow in any well-watered arid land. Southern California produces the finest fruit in the world as a result of its irrigation. The best product is the high alfalfa grass, higher than a man's head, which can be cut for hay. The best method of handling cattle is to feed them on this hay in the winter. It would be somewhat sensational to say that the west was not developed yet, but such is the fact and this reclamation law has just opened up the west. Manufacturing and mining are minor industries since this law was passed. Agriculture is the leading industry and the road to wealth in the west."

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

BOSS LUNCH MILK BISCUIT

ALWAYS FRESH AND CRISP

as if just from the oven. Kept so indefinitely in our MOIST PROOF PACKAGE. THEY ARE DELICIOUS

5cts GET A PACKAGE AT YOUR GROCER'S. 10cts

If they are not there, kindly drop us a card and name him.

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Newport Transfer Express Co.

Solicit Consignments of Freight,

THE ONLY EXPRESS

Checking Baggage at Residence to Destination.

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188 BELLEVUE AVENUE

Crab Apple Cider,

VERY DRY AND APPETIZING, 10c. A BOTTLE.

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Immense Offers This Week.

The first on the list is the noted

WEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE,

Fully warranted as the best machine made. Rotary shuttle, folding to complete with attachments for $30.00. This price until December 25, only.

LAMPS! LAMPS!! LAMPS!!!

A fine line. Elegant designs, marked to suit the times. See our Crockery and tables of Bric-a-Bric from 10c. to $1. Dinner Sets, former prices $18 now for $15; others in proportion. Fine English 112-piece Dinner Sets for $9. Tin and Enamel Ware always acceptable presents. The finest line in the city. Carpet Sweepers, three styles, prices $2.50 and $3. Finest line of Jardinieres ever offered. Nice line of Scrap Baskets just in. Japanese Screens from $2.50 to $5. Good line of Hampers.

Hardware Department.

Skates!! Skates! Skates! for the Boys and Girls, Complete line of Sleds, Carts and Dexters.

Seed Department.

Christmas Greens just in. Wreathing, Holly and Mistletoe, all sizes of Trees, Stars, Wreaths, Crosses, etc.

SPECIAL PIECES MADE TO ORDER.

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We have a large and complete line of Kodaks, Films, Developing Machines, Plate Cameras, Albums, Mounts and everything for Photography.

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Oil Colors, Brushes, Paints, Easels, Color Boxes (filled and empty), Art Books, Studies for both Oil and Water Colors, Moist Water Colors, Tubes, Pens and Pads, Drawing and Painting, Hand Gold, Glass Brushes, Lithographers' Supplies, India Inks, Brushes, Paper, Pyrography Outfits for burnt work Decorations and supplies, Gimlet Pastels, Crayons, Pastel Boards, Paper and Canvas, Relaties in Sheets, Transfer Paper, Colors, Fitzco Colors for wood printing, Pencils, Painting Books for young people, Artistics' Supplies, Tracing Cloths and Papers, Drawing Instruments. A full line of Thermometers, Optical Goods, Opera and Field Glasses, Reading Glasses, Microscopes and other goods too numerous to mention.

A will pay you to call and look over our line. We shall be open every night until Christmas.

GEO. H. CHASE, Over 167 Thames St. Phone 436-2

HEADQUARTERS for XMAS TREES!

Green, Holly, Immortelle Wreaths, Stars and Crosses made to order,

Flowering House Plants, Jardinieres, Fern Dishes. Goldfish, Globes and Aquariums. Singing Birds, Parrots, Bird Cages, Bird Seeds.

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REGARDING

diseases of the skin.

I have lately secured the agency for this city and vicinity of a preparation which is reliable and certain in clearing away troubles of the skin. Many forms of skin affections which have been considered incurable are conquered by this medicament as easily as a cough is stopped by the proper medicine and healthy influences. This preparation is now in use among skin specialists, and many large hospitals have adopted it for eczema and kindred cases. It stands almost the most useful medical agent now known.

I have evidence of its work to show which will interest any sufferer. Call and investigate same. Since I have been handling the remedy known as D. D. D. its work proves so effective I guarantee its efficacy. In all cases of skin affection I will refund the price of a bottle ($1) if the sufferer does not consider it the equal of any other after trying. It is curing the most kind of cases every day. It seems a pity any one should suffer the torture of skin troubles when no possible a remedy can be had on the spot.

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Does all kinds of tin, sheet iron or copper work; sets the best hot air furnace in the market; does general repairing in the very best manner. Telephone 518-3.

For Thirty Days.

Having bought of an overstocked manufacturer a few thousand Incandescent Gas Burners and Mantels at a low figure for cash, for the next thirty days only I will place them on your fixture, with choice of three styles of globes, complete, for 40c. each. These are a great bargain; secure some while they last.

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Armory of Newport Artillery, Clarke street.

U. S. Training Station, Coasters' Harbor Island—Open to visitors from 2 p. m. till sunset daily. Band concerts daily from 3:45 to 5:15. Sunday services at 10:45 a. m.

Trinity Church, corner of Church and Spring streets, open week days to visitors from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Emmanuel Church, Spring and Dearborn streets, open to visitors from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Cliff Walk—Extending from Easton's to Bailey's Beach, past the residences of the Goelets, H. McK. Twombly, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, John R. Drexel, Perry Belmont, Hermann Oelrichs, the Astors, Dr. C. N. Bell, W. K. and F. W. Vanderbilt, E. T. Gerry, H. Mortimer Brooks, C. W. Lippitt and others. Open to the public.

People's Library, 200 Thames street—Open from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily except on Sundays, and on Saturdays until 9 p. m.

Historical Rooms and Natural History Society Rooms, Touro street—Open daily, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., Sundays excepted.

Electric Street Cars connect at Commercial wharf for Beach, Mile Corner, Morton Park and Fall River.

Redwood Library, Bellevue avenue—Open to visitors daily, Sundays excepted, from 12 m. to 2 p. m. Open to subscribers from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Places of Interest—Forty Steps, on Cliffs, foot of Narragansett avenue; Spouting Rock, west end of Bailey's beach; Paradise and Hanging Rocks, north of Second beach; Purgatory, west end of Second beach; Miantonomi Hill, end of Malbone road, off Broadway.

OFFICIAL POSTOFFICE GUIDE.

Nov. 18, 1902.

Office hours, 7 a. m. to 6:30 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 11 a. m., 5 to 6:30 p. m.

Carriers' Delivery at 8 a. m., 2 and 4:30 p. m. Local mail should be posted at office 15 minutes before departure of carriers.

Carriers' Letters may be called for on Sunday mornings from 10 to 11; week day evenings from 7:30 to 8.

Special Delivery until 8:30 p. m.

Request your correspondents to address to your P. O. Box or Street and number.

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OPENING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

New York City, Foreign and Southern—Open 8:00 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 9:30 a. m.; 12:45, 2:45, 6:30 p. m.

New York State and Western—Open 8:00, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m.; 12:45, 2:45, 4:45, 6:30 p. m.

Boston and Eastern—Open 8:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 6:15, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m.; 12:30, 2:45, 4:30, 7:00, 8:30 p. m.

Providence, R. I.—Open 8:00, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30 a. m.; 12:45, 2:45, 4:30, 7:00, 8:30 p. m.

Connecticut—Open 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 6:15, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 9:30 a. m.; 12:45, 2:45, 4:30, 8:30 p. m.

Fall River and New Bedford—Open 8:00, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 2:30, 6:15, 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30, 10:30 a. m.; 2:45, 4:30, 8:30 p. m.

Bristol Ferry, Tiverton and Little Compton—Open 8:00, 9:30 a. m.; 7:30 p. m. Close 6:30 a. m.; 4:30 p. m.

Jamestown, R. I.—Open 11:00 a. m.; 6:00 p. m. Close 10:00 a. m.; 4:00 p. m.

Portsmouth, R. I.—Open 9:30 a. m.; 12:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 7:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30 p. m.

Melville Station—Open 12:30, 7:30 p. m. Close 7:30 a. m.; 1:30 p. m.

Block Island, R. I.—Open 11:00 a. m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Close 12:30 p. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Mails open Sundays at 10:00 a. m. Mails close Sundays at 8:30 p. m.

2-15, 5:30 p. m.

TOWN OF TIVERTON, R. I.

Liquor Licenses.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS, TIVERTON, R. I, DEC. 6, 1902.

Applications for license to sell pure, spirituous, intoxicating, and malt liquors, have been made by the following named persons:

Patrick Garvey, 41 Main Road.
Patrick Dunn, 5 Shove St.
Edward Brophy, 5 Shove St.
Samuel Williams, Jr., 29 Walnut St.
Jose J. Raposo, 63 Main Road, Cor. Carponicus St.

Applications for transfers of liquor licenses have been made by the following named persons:

Charles F. Little, from 44 Shove St., to 153 State Ave.
Benjamin Hadley, from 70 Shove St. to 153 State Ave.
Edward Mulroy, from 31 Main St. to 153 State Ave.

Bonds to be filed for approval on the day of the hearing.

The Board of Police Commissioners will be in session in their office at the Town Hall on Saturday, Dec. 20, 1902, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing all persons interested in the granting of said applications.

By order of said Board of Police Commissioners.

JOHN A. WILCOX, Clerk.

PAGE

FOR SALE.

One Good Second-Hand Covered Express or Milk Wagon.

PERCY BAILEY,

P. O. Address, Melville Station. Tel. 71-3.

ARCTIC ICE CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Natural and Artificial Ice.

This company is prepared to furnish ice of the best quality and in any quantity desired.

Prompt attention and delivery by experienced drivers. Telephone connection.

Office, - - Commercial Wharf.

J. H. GREENE, Supt.

Champion's Line.

Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats

TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK

At Kinsley's wharf. Telephone.

THE TRADES.

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If your roof leaks and needs tinning or re-shingling, have one look it over, and I will give you a price that will suit you.

Residence and shop, 25 Newport ave. Telephone 479-2.

JAMES H. HART

Will Repair your Furnace, Leaders Roofs, cheap for Cash.

Shop at residence, 83 Warner St.

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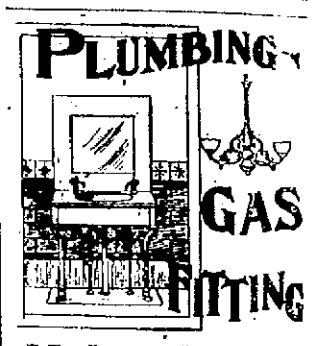
GREASE TRAPS, CHIMNEY FLUE LINING. Extra Heavy Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings. Iron Cistern Covers and Frames, Stable and Yard Trap, etc.

Telephone Connection 219-3. CHAPEL PLACE.



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Must have modern plumbing, too, or it will be found that the thing most essential to health and comfort is lacking. Throwing away money is not more wasteful than putting it in plumbing work of doubtful quality. To those who are building new houses or refitting old ones, we solicit an opportunity to estimate on the plumbing work. Our estimates on plumbing will be found moderate.

Lincoln Hammett & Co.

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Telephone 348-2.

M. A. McCormick,

Carpenter and Builder.

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Estimates furnished.

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Every description of cemetery stonework in Foreign and American marbles and all New England granites.

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L.N. Vaughan,

88 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

ALL KINDS OF FINE

OPTICAL WORK

DONE PROMPTLY AT REASONABLE PRICES.

PEOPLE OF VENEZUELA.

The Country Stands in No Better Condition Today Than Under Spanish Rule Before 1811.

It is significant that the capital, Caracas, eight miles from La Guayra as the bird flies, occupies the crater of an old volcano. The people are as eruptive as the land they inhabit. With the racial egotism goes self-assertiveness easily excited, easily allayed. The Venezuelan is just now "blowing his head off"—or rather having it done for him. Occupation has been found for the crowds of idle men and boys who loaf in Caracas streets, always well dressed, well groomed and with no visible susceptibility toward a job. A gay place Caracas is, a miniature Paris, though Parisians make wry faces at it—a town of which Richard Harding Davis has told to the world his love. A town it is where everybody wears diamonds, even if the shirt is ragged; where champagne is used "to put out fires" and "banknotes to kindle them;" where debtors are far wiser than their creditors. It is contrary to Venezuelan character to pay a bill which he can repudiate tomorrow. Present a claim for a small amount to a Caracas citizen and he will engage a high-priced lawyer to discover a loophole in your contract. Of course the lawyer's bill is never settled either.

Yet these Venezuelans pride themselves upon their scrupulous honesty. You may leave a bag of nuggets in the streets of Caracas and nobody will disturb it—unless you lay claim to it (or some other foreigner does.) Sneak thieves, according to our former minister, Mr. F. B. Loomis, one almost never encounters anywhere in the country. Thieving is low, dishonest, unworthy a proud descendant of grandees; but cheating—ah, that is otherwise! that is a game.

The people are singularly alive to the dramatic, the artistic. The towns teem with versifiers who fill half the columns of provincial newspapers with classical effusions. Painters there are, too, strong men in landscape and religious art. Grand opera from Europe draws immense audiences; and by night, when nothing is on at the opera house ladies of high standing organize little street dances with guitar music.

A gay thoughtless population it is, in which the discordant element consists only of a few harmless Yankee-maniacs among the younger men—fellows who have been at school in the United States or who have read of North American ways. These advocates of strenuosity rush about the streets with energy that tires their fellow citizens to see. In vain they have tried for several years to arouse a little interest in football; the average man about town wants to do nothing different from what he has always done—to drive out each afternoon in a showy victoria with pillows at his back and a cigarette in his mouth, preceded by a coachman in livery of white broadcloth, with gold braid and brass buttons. Why should he wear himself out watching 22 barbarians at play? If needs comes to fight "pro patria," then he will throw off his lassitude for a few hours of berserker raging.

This of course is the urban Venezuelan. In the hinterland the great mass of population lives without living, too easily fed by bountiful nature. Most of them have more or less Indian blood; in some districts pure Indians may still be found. The aborigines are simple-minded folk whose needs do not make them good buyers of textiles, since a little loin-cloth ordinarily serves for the whole rig.

The Spanish-speaking population has been in Venezuela a long time—in fact about 400 years—long enough to have built up a great empire. But Burke's aphorism regarding "little minds and great empires" holds good to an eminent degree of Venezuela. Not means, but men have been wanting. The country has extent sufficient for an empire. It counts clearly 600,000 square miles more than France, Holland and Germany combined. It is ten times the size of New York state. And in variety of soil and climate it has marked advantages. Of the 23 states every one is said to contain mountains. The whole northern edge presents to the ocean a ridge of mountain wall of such grandeur that the name of Venezuela (little Venice) appears to be singularly inappropriate. Little Yosemite would be more fitting. Right behind La Guayra, where the fighting now centres, stands the most remarkable precipice jooning out of the sea anywhere, a mountainside rising at an angle of 50 degrees to the sheer height of 8,000 feet.

Back from the coast the mountain range crops away to the broad llanos of the Orinoco, a plain of incredible richness. The land of Venezuela, taken as a whole, may be classed as either agricultural, pastoral or sylvan, each division showing almost boundless and untouched possibilities. In the fertile mountain valleys grows every crop known to man. Vast forests of mahogany and cedar have scarcely been disturbed. The mineral wealth has long since excited the cupidity of the Briton, giving rise to the boundary dispute of a few years ago. The gold diggings in Yuruari yielded 42,315 ounces in 1899. Silver is abundant in Bermudez, Lara and Los Andes. Sulphur, coal, asphalt, lead, kaolin and tin are found. Great iron mines have been opened by an American company at Imatica on the lower Orinoco. The pearl fisheries at the island of Margarita employ 400 boats and still show no signs of exhaustion. The grazing country now supports 10,000,000 head of cattle and could easily support more.

Of all these treasures the Venezuelans have proved unfaithful stewards. They have had wealth which they could not use, from mere incapacity to secure and husband it. The country stands in no better condition today than under Spanish rule before 1811. Large tracts of territory remain unexplored. Not only have roads not been built, but no advantage has been taken of the 10,000 miles of navigable waterways. With a long coast and 20 harbors, no considerable merchant marine has ever been launched. The present Venezuelan merchant fleet consists of 12 steam vessels, with a total tonnage of 2,567, and 18 sailing vessels with a tonnage of 2,835. Coffee-raising, the chief agricultural industry, has languished in spite of the fact that the hilly regions of northern Venezuela are especially adapted to it. The higher the mountain the better the coffee, it is said.

In all that concerns the necessities of life, the Venezuelans have shown themselves exceedingly lax. Prices in all the cities run higher than anywhere else in the world outside of mining camps. The only cheap thing in Caracas is the violet; you can buy an armful for 20 cents. American sugar costs 20 cents a pound, flour $12 a sack, eggs 50 cents a dozen, butter 75 cents a pound, coal $24 a ton.

Everything else corresponds. No efficient street car service in the cities; hence one must take a cab. Charges on the railroads are extraordinary. First-class passengers pay from eight to ten cents, second class from five to seven cents mile per mile. Merchants complain constantly regarding freight charges. It costs more to get a ton of coffee to the plain's side from a town ten or fifteen miles back than to send it to England. It is less expensive to ship freight from Chicago to New York than from Caracas to La Guayra, 215 miles by all. The freight rate on the German Central railroad—the source of present difficulties—is 30 cents a ton per mile, as against one cent a mile per ton on many American roads.

COST OF FUELS.

[Philadelphia Record.]

A good deal of misinformation is being promulgated at the present time in regard to the economy of oil and gas (using special stoves or burners) for fuel in place of anthracite even at normal prices for the latter. The only way to get an intelligent understanding of the problem is to figure on the basis of the number of heat units contained in the several fuels. The combustion, or burning, of a given weight of any substance develops a certain number of units of heat, no matter what form of furnace or burner is used. This maximum quantity of heat may produce more heat than others; that is, may approach nearer the theoretical heat equivalent of the substance burned, but can never exceed this maximum amount under any circumstances. At given prices, therefore, the problem is simply this: What is the cost of 1,000 or 10,000 heat units when developed by such a fuel?

Illuminating gas, for instance, does not contain more than 600 heat units per cubic foot; refined oil, such as is ordinarily sold for illuminating purposes, contains as many as 20,000 heat units per pound; and anthracite coal, say 15,000 heat units per pound. Heat is an accurately measurable quantity and no appliance can produce more than the above figures, and all produce less, as the combustion is never perfect, and considerable heat is always lost in chimney gases when stoves or furnaces are used.

Taking gas at $1 per thousand cubic feet and allowing the full theoretical heat value of perfect combustion, presuming that it is to be burned in a gas stove which has no flue connection with the outer air so that all the heat is available, anthracite coal at $5.00 per ton, and admitting that only 50 per cent of its heat is available for useful heating, the balance being lost up the chimney, and illuminating oil at nine cents per gallon, weighing approximately six and one-half pounds, and figuring only 80 per cent of the heat available, supposing the burner to be used in a range grate, or furnace, and not in a blue flame oil stove without direct connection with the atmosphere, then by simple proportion it follows that one cent expended for the various fuels will yield heat about as follows:

One cent expended for coal at $5.00 per ton will yield 48,000 heat units.

One cent expended for oil at 9 cents per gallon will yield 11,520 heat units.

One cent expended for gas at $1 per 1,000 cubic feet will yield 6,000 heat units.

A number of other factors enter the problem, however, for it is quite evident from the above that anthracite coal at $15 to $20 per ton is cheap compared with the other fuels, where heat is desired continuously. Of course, in industrial plants the cost of firing the fuel and removing ashes, in the case of coal, have to be considered, but in any case these are not determinable factors and for the household they are minor considerations.

The advantages to which both gas and oil owe their well-merited popularity are the ease with which they can be applied directly to heating where desired and their freedom from ash or its equivalent. An oil stove can be carried about from room to room. When burning it radiates all its heat into the room, all of which is, therefore, available, so that the above figures for oil in such case should be increased 20 per cent. The same is true of gas, but in a lesser degree as regards portability. Oil or gas can be applied instantly and as quickly extinguished, whereas when a coal fire is kindled in a stove or furnace it usually is allowed to burn itself out, although the heat may only be desired for a limited time, as in cooking or other household service. Each fuel has its own limited sphere within which it is cheapest and supreme. Fuel oil for burning in furnaces or ranges at three cents per gallon is about as cheap as the regulation prices for domestic sizes of coal, but up to the present time no satisfactory fuel oil burner has been devised for household use.

CAPTURING AN OURANG-OUTANG

[New York Mail and Express.]

The varied collection of animals brought over by Captain Golding of British steamer Afrida, for the Bronx Zoological Gardens, are all cased and ready for transfer from the ship to their new home, as soon as the necessary customs formalities are concluded.

Captain Golding is disconsolate over the loss of the big python and the ourang-outang, both of which were among his most valuable specimens on this trip. The story of how Captain Golding acquired the ourang is interesting. A wandering circus man named Martel was in Singapore, hunting for attractions, which he intended taking to Australia. He secured the services of a native to catch him an ourang-outang. Together they went into the interior and finally, with the help of about 150 Dyaks, who acted as beaters, they rounded up this particular chap, which proved to be a big one, apparently some 30 years old, and had a patriarchal beard, which hung low down on his breast.

After finally driving him into a tree which suited their purpose, they surrounded him, and after building a palisade around the tree, placed a cage containing food in the inclosure. Then they set down to starve him into entering the cage. To make his escape impossible, they cut down all the other trees for several hundred feet around and waited. At night they built a circle of fires outside the palisades to deter the ourang from climbing the barricade and getting away in the darkness. After four days and nights of this vigil the animal could withstand the temptation no longer, and about midnight he cautiously descended from the tree and slipped into the cage to eat. The watchers were on the alert and the minute he was inside the cage they sprung the door shut and had Mr. Ourang safe and secure.

On arrival at Singapore he was transferred to a larger and stronger cage for shipment to Australia. This was over a month after his capture, and just when Captain Golding was there looking for anything that he knew would be valuable to the New York Zoo. When the transfer was made Martel, the circus man, climbed on top of the new cage to secure the door, but before he could close it the ourang made at him with his claws, and seeing the man's right foot, tore off four of his toes. Hearing of the accident, Captain Golding called on Martel at the hospital in Singapore where he was being treated and found him willing to dispose of the animal. Captain Golding says he will make one more effort to get a large ourang for the garden on his next trip.

THE KNIGHT'S TOAST.

The feast is o'er! Now brimming wine
In lordly cup is seen to shine
Before each eager guest;
And silence fills the crowded hall
As deep as when the herald's call
Thrills in the loyal breast.

Then up arose the noble host
And, smiling, cried, "A toast! A toast
To all our ladies fair;
Here before all I pledge the wine
Of Staunton's proud and beauteous dame,
The Lady Gundamere."

Then to his feet each gallant sprung,
And joyous was the shout that rung
As Stanley gave the word;
And every cup was raised on high,
Nor ceased the loud and joyous cry,
"Till Stanley's voice was heard.

"Enough, enough," he smiling said,
And lowly bent his haughty head,
"That all may have their due,
Now each in turn must play his part
And pledge the lady of his heart
Like gallant knight and true."

And drained in turn the brimming cup,
Then one by one each guest sprang up—
And named the loved one's name.
And each as hand on high he raised,
His lady's grace and beauty praised,
Her constancy, and fame.

'Tis now St. Leon's turn to rise,
On him are fixed those countless eyes,
A gallant knight is he;
Envied by some, admired by all,
Far famed in ladies' bower and hall,
The flower of chivalry.

St. Leon raised his kindling eye,
Lifting his sparkling glass on high—
"I drink to one," he said,
"Whose image never may depart,
Deep graven on this grateful heart,
'Till memory be dead.

"To one whose love for me shall last
When lighter passions long have passed,
So holy 'tis, and true,
To one whose love hath longer dwelt
More deeply fixed, more keenly felt
Than any pledged by you."

Each guest unstarted at the word
And laid a hand upon his sword
With fury-flashing eye;
And Stanley said, "We crave the name,
Proud Knight, of this most peerless dame
Whose love you count so high."

St. Leon paused, as if he would
Not breathe that name in careless mood
Thus lightly to another;
Then slowly bent his head, as though
To give that name the reverence due,
And gently said, "My Mother."

FANCIES.

City Nephew—I noticed that the hired man didn't drink coffee for breakfast?

Farmer Bentover—No! He's afraid it will keep him awake durin' the day.—[Puck.

Gladys—Isn't he awfully fat?

Edith—Yes; but he has an "auto," a yacht, and a drag. He's what you might call a flat with all modern improvements.—[Judge.

"Oh, I'm sure she isn't as old as she looks."

"Perhaps not, but I'm sure she's older than she thinks she looks."—[Philadelphia Press.

She—I am simply delighted at the number and value of our wedding presents.

He—I'm not. Most of them came from people who are not yet married.—[Brooklyn Life.

Ping—Why didn't you offer that lady your seat?

Pong—Why, man, she was a perfect stranger! Why didn't you give her yours?

Ping—Was afraid she might take it.—[Boston Transcript.

"Intrinsic value should never figure in considering a Christmas gift."

"It never does with me," answered Miss Cayenne. "What touches me is the thought that anybody has been willing to brave a crowd of holiday shoppers for my sake."—[Washington Star.

It was since the coal famine began. The boy had been to church, and was still shivering when he reached the cheerless hearth at home.

"What was the text?" asked his mother.

"Many are cold, but few are frozen," chattered the youth.—[Baltimore American.

"When it comes to marriage I wouldn't give a thought to how much the man I love is making," remarked the dreamy-eyed girl.

"Neither would I," answered the practical damsel. "What would primarily interest me would be how much he had already made. There's no use taking chances."—[Chicago Post.

PERSONALS.

....Miss Florence Harward, who has been appointed special commissioner of the St. Louis exposition to Europe, is said to be the first woman who has been appointed to such an important post.

....President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained at dinner, last night, in honor of the newly appointed justice of the Supreme Court, Judge Oliver Wendell Holmes, and Mrs. Holmes. Those present in addition to the guests of honor included Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Senator and Mrs. Nelson, Senator and Mrs. Dryden, Senators Hanna and Warren, and Representatives Sherman and Littauer.

....Gabriel Harrison, author, artist, actor, friend of many of the noted characters of his day, including Edwin Forrest, Edgar Allan Poe, John Howard Payne and Aaron Burr, died at his home in Brooklyn Monday morning. He was 81 years old. When a boy Harrison formed a close acquaintance with Aaron Burr and the latter taught him how to read and gave him his first lessons in elocution. In 1873 Mr. Harrison dramatized "The Scarlet Letter." He had written many books on drama and art.

....Rev. E. S. Ufford, formerly of Williamsett, Mass., is now in California, and will leave for the Philippines the first of the year. He left Holyoke about two months ago, and has been on an evangelistic tour across the Continent. He intends going around the world. When exerting to a Christian life Mr. Ufford has near him, by way of illustration, the paraphernalia of life saving, including two life lines that have seen service in actually saving 20 men in wrecks off Nantasket Beach. Mr. Ufford is well known as the author of "Throw Out the Life Line," the hymn which he sings while handling the apparatus. A visit to a life saving station in 1886 inspired the song that became so popular six years later. As the transport which is to take Mr. Ufford to Manila swings off from the dock, he will sing the familiar salvation song which has made him celebrated.

MENU FOR WEDNESDAY.

Be he king or peasant, he is happiest
Who, in his home finds peace. [Goethe.

Breakfast.

Molded Cereal, Stewed Fruit,
Broiled Mackerel, Tartare Sauce,
Toast, Coffee,

Dinner.

Clear Tomato Soup
Roast Veal, Onion Dressing,
Mashed Potatoes, Rice,
Oyster Plant,
Berry Pie,
Coffee,

Supper.

Fish Timbales,
Potato Balls, Rolls,
Preserves,
Cocoa.

Fish Timbales. Put half a cupful of milk in stewpan; add two tablespoonfuls of fine stale breadcrumbs, half a teaspoonful of salt and a dash of cayenne, one teaspoonful of lemon juice, one of minced parsley and a few drops of onion juice. When hot, add one cupful of whitefish rubbed smooth. When boiling, pour it over the well beaten yolks of two eggs; mix well. Fold in the stiffly beaten whites. Fill greased timbale molds two-thirds full, set in a pan of hot water and bake till firm in the centre. Serve on a bed of cress.

CONFECTIONERY

TOOTHSOME DAINTIES.

We never grow tired of telling you how good our candies are. And they are fine, that's a fact. They're made from the purest and choicest ingredients, in absolute cleanliness. Strictly high grade confections, and low priced. Our delicious Bon-Bons at 10 cents a pound can't be beaten at any price. Same with our Chocolate Creams and other kinds. Also Foreign and Domestic Cakes, Ice Creams and Fancy Ices. Ice Plates to put fancy ices on.

—AT—

S. KOSCHNY'S,

Leading Confectioner,

232 Thames Street.
Branch 16 Broadway.

For the Holidays.

I HAVE A FULL LINE OF PLAIN AND FANCY

CANDIES,

Which I guarantee pure and wholesome. They are made on the premises, of the very best material that can be procured, at prices that will compare most favorably with any house in the city.

I also have a large assortment of

Christmas Boxes, Animals, Baskets and Cornucopias.

Parties contemplating buying Candies for Sunday Schools and Christmas Entertainments will have special attention.

Ice Cream, Ices and Plain and Fancy Cakes always on hand.

HERMANN D. FRASCH.

Telephone 6[illegible]4.

MRS. ANNIE FENTON'S

(Successor to Simpson of New York.)

Christmas Display

Monday, Dec. 15.

Novelties in French and German favors, Fancy Baskets and Cotillon favors. The latest fad is Christmas trees for table decoration.

Bon bons and chocolates a specialty.

128 BELLEVUE AVE.

SLEIGHS!

SLEIGHS!

SLEIGHS!

Sleighs for Sale.
Sleighs to Let.
Double Sleighs.
Single Sleighs.
Sleighs to Let with Horses.
Sleighs to Let By Season or by the day.

George P. Lawton,

Touro, Spring and Barney Streets.

Hayward's Stables,

TEW'S COURT.

Office corner Downing Street and Bellevue Avenue.

CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS TO LET BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

COACHMEN IN LIVERY.

THOMAS KITCHEN,

Livery and Boarding Stable

18 FRIENDSHIP STREET.

Telephone 350.

JEWELERS.

I have added to my stock

Fine Goods for the Holiday Trade.

Watches, Jewelry, Silverware and Clocks.

E. C. BLAINE,

246 THAMES STREET.

BROOCHES,

In Gold and Sterling Silver.

Rings,
Cuff Links,
Lockets,
Bracelets,

SUITABLE FOR XMAS GIFTS.

OTTO L. RUECKER,

190 THAMES STREET.

Christmas.

Before getting your Christmas presents, call and see my stock of

WATCHES and JEWELRY

Selected for the holiday trade. Articles guaranteed and prices right.

—AT—

GLAZIER'S.

96 SPRING STREET.

Established 1853.

We are Still Doing Business

At the old place, and a call at our shop will convince you that we have everything in the line for antique and modern clock repairing. Old-fashioned Hall and Banjo Clocks, with wooden wheels and brass movements, which are out of commission, made to run again. Watch and Jewelry repairing.

P. H. CASWELL, JEWELER,

Telephone 669-3. 12 Third Street.

DRUGGISTS.

We have just received a large assortment of

TOOTH BRUSHES.

They sell from 10c. upward, and every one is good value.

GEO. A. WOOD & CO.,

DRUGGISTS. 176 BROADWAY.

USE

Downing's Rum and Quinine FOR THE HAIR.

An elegant toilet preparation, preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, rendering it soft and glossy, curing all diseases of the scalp; free from all irritating matter. It softens the hair when hard or dry, acting upon the roots. Keeps the scalp in a healthy condition.

PREPARED BY

Downing Bros., Pharmacists

42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Just received, a fresh and complete line of

Wright's Perfumes.

Including the latest favorites,

Rose of India and Violet of India.

James T. Wright, Pharmacist

22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

WM. H. COTTON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

226 THAMES STREET.

The Newport Journal

Is made up each week from the best matter of the Daily News for the six days previous, and is thus enabled to print an immense amount of matter, much more than it would be possible otherwise to publish. Each issue is a complete history of the week in local, sub-local and state affairs, and contains about everything from the world at large which an intelligent reader will care to know. It is sent postage paid to any part of the country at the rate of $2 a year in advance. Subscriptions may begin and end at any time, and the address changed as often as desired. Address Daily News Office, 207 Thames Street.

GROCERIES.

Quality. Then Price.

XMAS GREETINGS!

Glace Fruit,
BY POUND AND BOX.
Colgate's Toilet Soap and Perfumes.
F. A. Soups and Plum Puddings.
C. & D. Mince Meat and Jellies.
H. & P. Imported Crackers.
Chocolate Krackerjacks and Snaps.
Fry's Chocolates.
Malaga Grapes, Umbrella Figs, Cresca Figs, Stuffed Prunes and Dates.
Table Raisins, Nuts, Oranges, Grape Fruit.
Choice line of Cigars for Xmas.

FRED. U. GLADDING,

Successor to C. Sherman & Co.

Telephone 351-2.

OPEN FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

"BEN HUR" FLOUR.

Biscuits always light and bright, bread sweet and moist, rolls crisp and plump when "Ben Hur" Flour is used.

$4.75 per barrel.

For sale in all style packages at

James A. Eddy's,

Cash Grocery and Market,

250 THAMES STREET.

Telephone No. 110.

Sweet Russet Juice Cider,

The finest apple cider made.

New Nuts.

FRESH AND DRIED FRUITS.

A full assortment of seasonable goods.

Charles A. Manchester,

BROADWAY.

One carload Winter Potatoes, Early Rose,

75c. a bushel.

White & Gladding,

Successors to Phil Stevens.

Newport Steam Laundry

And Carpet Beating Works.

Orders may also be left at Charles A. Manchester's, 88 Broadway. Telephone connection.

J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent. 306 Thames Street.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS who have bills or accounts against the City of Newport, are notified to present them before Tuesday, December 23, 1902, for THE DEPARTMENTS FOR WHICH THEY WERE CONTRACTED.

DAVID STEVENS, City Clerk.

GROCERIES.

A TON OF COAL

Would be very appropriate, and a Christmas present that would be highly appreciated just now, but you can't get it. The next best thing is a barrel of Washburn, Crosby Co's. Gold Medal Flour and you can get that right here. Leave the order and we will see to it that it is delivered on time. Every barrel warranted to please.

—AT—

THE BOSTON GROCERY,

CITY HALL SQUARE.
BROADWAY.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

Telephone 339-6.

What $2 Will Do.

We have made a combination order for

Christmas Baskets,

To be delivered the day before Christmas. If you have a friend that you wish to remember in this way there is no better combination that you can send than what we quote below.

1 Chicken, (about 5 lbs.)
1 quart Cranberries.
2 Turnips.
1 quart Onions.
2 quart Potatoes.
1 loaf bread.
1 pound of Candy.
1 pound of Nuts.
1 can Soup.
1 pound Cookies.
1-2 pound Butter.
1-2 pound Coffee.
4 pounds Sugar.
1 can milk.

Complete for $2.

The quality of these goods are of the very best, making as fine a dinner as can be desired. Think it over and place your order early

—AT—

Kenyon & Smith's,

100 Broadway.

The Marlboro St. Machine Shop and Automobile Repair Station.

Agency for Orient Runabout, gasoline.

Agency for White Steam Carriage,

The best steam carriage on the market.

Repairing in all Branches.

Supplies of all Kinds, in Stock.

TELEPHONE 185-5. 5 MARLBORO ST.

GEO. W. SMITH.

TRUNKS,

Bags and Suit Cases.

CRATRIX,

96 BROADWAY.

$10.00

For Ladies' First-class Tailor-made Suits.

Skirts $4. Skirts re-bound, jackets relined and altered to present style. $15 for gentlemen's custom-made suit. All work done by up-to-date tailors. We also all kinds of ladies' and gents' coloring—new work or repairs. Steam Dye and Fancy Cleaning Co., 185 Thames St., over Boothrick's. Telephone 204-4.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS,
NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.

News, $0.03 a year; 12 cents a week.
Journal and Weekly News, $2 a year.
TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs. 17-2.
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Publisher's Residence, 18 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

BACK NUMBERS.

Copies of the Daily News or of the Newport Journal one month old, five cents extra for each month or part of a month.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 an inch for the first insertion and 35 cents for each continuance. Advertisements of six lines or less are taken at about one-third these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, cards, wants, and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1902

THE DAILY NEWS TELEPHONES.
When calling the Daily News Office on business, use the numbers 17-2; if the editorial or reportorial rooms are to be reached, or information is desired on current news, call 17-3.

THE LATE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

There are some lengths to which even the General Assembly which ended its existence last week did not dare to go. The reputation it established for objectionable legislation was notorious, but the members balked at some measures that were introduced and refused to pass them. There were two especially which failed to be enacted, against which there was strong opposition within the Republican ranks.

One of these was the act to change the school committee of Providence to a board of five members. It was generally acknowledged that the act possessed merit, and it is not at all impossible that at some time it will be adopted, for the present school committee of the city of Providence is too large and cumbersome a body to effectively attend to its duties, but it was argued with reason that the passage of the bill at this time just after the re-organization of the committee with a Democratic majority would lead to the charge that it was done for partisan purposes only, and not at all in the interests of the schools.

The legislature just dissolved has not always been scrupulous to avoid such intimations of partisan action, but in this case the argument was so effective that many members shied at the act, and it was seen that it would be useless to try to force it through at the session just closed, and it was allowed to remain on the committee files, and thus die a natural and easy death. This without doubt kills the measure for some time, for the next General Assembly will be too strongly Democratic for any act to be passed by it which is opposed by that party, and the Democrats have no desire to cut short their control of the school committee which they have but just gained.

The other measure which was allowed to die a similar death because the Republican party leaders did not deem it wise to force it through the Assembly was to create a board of five commissioners for the city of Pawtucket, modelled after that of the police commissioners in several cities and towns of the state. There seems to be little demand for the act from any source and little call for taking the appointing power out of the hands of the city authorities. The circumstances were not at all the same as in connection with police commissions, which have been established only where they were asked for by reputable citizens because of the failure of the regular officials to discharge their duties to the best interests of the communities.

These instances of self-control on the part of the late General Assembly were given greater emphasis because of their rarity, and especially because they came at the end of the session when usually practically all restraint is abandoned by the out-going legislature, particularly when it is also to lose in large degree its power for another term at least, as was the case in this instance.

MEN, WOMEN AND CO-EDUCATION.

It is odd that it so constantly happens that the advocates of co-education are women, and the opponents are men. Women grow eloquent over the refining influence their sex exerts upon young men, but the men are either unconscious of this or indifferent to it. If co-education meant simply the higher education of women it would not be strange if women put a much higher estimate upon it than men do, but that is not the case. There are colleges for women alone, and many masculine opponents of co-education are warm friends of collegiate education for women. The fact remains that the association of young men and women during their course of education is desired by women rather than by men.

The Outlook presents simultaneously "A Man's View," by Mr. W. A. Curtis, and "A Woman's View" by Miss May Estelle Cook, of the action of the University of Chicago in segregating the men and women students, and, as might have been expected, the man favors the segregation, and the woman does not.

Miss Cook's argument is the familiar one that the association of the sexes in college exerts a beneficial influence upon both. Mr. Curtis observes with satisfaction the movement adverse to co-education at Cornell, Wisconsin and Michigan Universities, as well as at Chicago, and even at the Northwestern University a disposition to limit the number of women students. But much of his article is devoted to the hostility of men students themselves to women as classmates, and he finds the cause of this in the economic problem of the struggle for existence. "It is man," he says, "face to face with the fact that woman in this twentieth century is not his ally, his helpmeet, his wife, but his competitor, his rival. * * * Once woman doubled our joys and halved our sorrows. She now halves our income, and doubles those seeking employment."

If Mr. Curtis is not humorous he is probably too profound. There are spheres within which women are serious competitors of men, but they are not spheres for which preparation is made at college. Stenographers and typewriters, saleswomen and women in factories are competitors of men. In the higher intellectual world women are not more competitors of men than men are of each other. In the handicrafts men are afraid of the competition of their own sex, and the labor unions restrict the number of apprentices in order to keep down the number of journeymen in their particular calling.

In the professions, however, there is no such spirit. A dozen doctors associate themselves to establish a medical college. Half a dozen lawyers form a law school and proceed to crowd further the overcrowded bar. Clergymen urge religiously disposed youths in their congregations to enter the ministry, or if they do not—and it has been said that they do this less than formerly—they are blamed for it. If clergymen do not urge young men to enter the ministry it is not because they wish to keep down the number of ministers, but because they have grown so weary of narrow stipends and hyperclerical congregations that they have not the heart to urge young men to follow them in their career of disappointment.

If young men are conscious of the need of the refining influence of women they prefer to seek that influence in the social circles about their own homes. At college they like comradeship, and young women are not comrades. It does not prove that the young men are vicious or ruffians if the free and easy relations, and the community of tastes which makes classmateship one of the most delightful things of life, are felt to be inconsistent with the conventionalities of life, and the social etiquette that must be maintained in a society of men and women. It is a social and not an economic instinct that arrays male students against co-education.

ROOSEVELT AND ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION.

With a view of getting the opinions of members of Congress on the question of anti-trust legislation, and reaching an agreement on some general form of bill, President Roosevelt is to give a series of dinners at the White House.

Mr. Roosevelt has found a wide difference of opinion among members of Congress on the question of trusts, both as to the form of regulation and as to what extent the government can go. He realizes that the only possibility of action at the present session is a practical agreement among members; first, that something must be done, and, second, as to the manner of doing it, and he evidently believes that the matter can be best settled after a good dinner. At all events it is well to have a better understanding of the differing views, and if possible to come to an agreement.

UNION OF SOUTH AMERICAN STATES.

President Castro's scheme of a union of the South American states, though generally considered an idle dream, might, if it could be success-fully accomplished, result in a greater stability of government for those distracted countries. The South American revolutions, of which we used to hear so much, generally consisted in a coup d'etat by some man generally popular in the army, who had won over to his interest all or nearly all the troops quartered at the seat of government. The victories were generally bloodless and won by intimidation with a vastly superior force. Should this union ever materialize, the confederate army would be so much larger and composed of so diverse elements that it would be almost impossible for one man to gain such a dominant control of any considerable portion of the military force. The would-be usurper would have but a fighting chance, and would be compelled to reckon with armed resistance, a contingency which it has been the policy of his predecessors most studiously to avoid.

THE BOSTON JOURNAL AND ITS NEW PROPRIETOR.

The Boston Journal has taken an important step. The paper was acquired by Frank A. Munsey in the latter part of October, but the new owner delayed any personal announcement of the change until the Journal could be published in its new building. The equipment is now complete, and the most modern in Boston. Mr. Munsey celebrates the beginning of his proprietorship by saying that hereafter the paper will be sold for one cent.

As to the policy of the paper Mr. Munsey says: "The Boston Journal is under obligations to no one and to no party. No influence, except what is right as we see it, can dominate it to any degree whatsoever. It will be very much alive, it will be honest, it will be fearless, it will be fair." The Boston Journal has had a high standard of excellence in the past, and the best wish for the new proprietor is that that excellence will be maintained.

President Roosevelt has caused the supporters of the "omnibus" scheme for the admission of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma as states to be much discouraged by his reply to a delegation from New Mexico, which asked him to use his influence in support of the bill. He said that he had been inclined to view with favor the proposition to admit the territories as states, but recently considerable doubt had risen in his mind as to whether it would be wise to have the omnibus bill become a law.

Washington is to have a $1,000,000 union railroad depot, for which the government will pay.

The bill creating a department of commerce, which the House committee has approved, is an omnibus measure. The proposed department will embrace the census, lighthouse board, immigration, fish commission, labor, manufactures, bureau of foreign commerce, bureau of statistics and bureau of standards, the fur and seal and salmon fisheries, and a new bureau, that of insurance. There bureaus are now distributed among the departments, which evidently do not care to have them any longer.

The quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent of the twine trust, which was recently declared, had a string to it. It has been rescinded and one of one per cent declared in its stead.

The standing price for seats in the New York Stock Exchange is $80,000, and some men make money at that price.

Nature is today in a melting mood.

This is a different sort of weather.

OPENING OF HAWAIIAN FISHERIES.

[Boston Transcript.]

All the private sea fisheries of the Hawaiian Islands are thrown open for the free use of the citizens of the United States, by virtue of a decision just filed by the Supreme Court. The fishing industry in the islands is at present under the almost exclusive control of the Japanese, who have gradually forced the Hawaiians out of the business. They monopolize not only the fishing grounds, but also the sales markets, together with the Chinese, and the native, who is a born fisherman, is forced to seek other means of livelihood. The Treasury Department has recently decided that Japanese fishermen must pay duty on fish brought into American ports from outside the three-mile limit, but the ruling has never been enforced, it is said, principally because of the fear of international complications with a friendly power, Japan. Suits will, however, probably be brought in a federal court to prevent the fishing in American fisheries of any but American citizens, as provided for in the organic act. Fish in the islands sell for 25 cents a pound, and form the principal article of diet for Hawaiians. As a rule the fish caught in these waters are not of very fine quality, though the supply is plentiful. The use of small mesh nets and of dynamite in fishing is fast exterminating the fish in and about the islands, and laws will probably be passed by the legislature to protect the fisheries.

Reports made at the annual meeting of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association do not indicate any reduction in the production of sugar, because of the prevailing low prices. Statistics for the year show a total output of 355,611, which, while smaller than the production of a year ago, is still larger than at any other time in the history of the Hawaiian islands. This output of sugar was divided by islands as follows: Hawaii, 121,255 tons; Oahu, 107,570 tons, Kauai, 68,729 tons, and Maui, 56,726 tons. Though the production was as large as usual, there has not been the same profit in sugar as in last years, and one of the principal subjects for discussion at the meeting was methods of cheapening the cost of production. It was shown that the average loss on a crop of sugar is over 15 per cent. In a report made upon a production of 400,000 tons of sugar it was shown that approximately 65,000 tons are lost in the baggasse, scum press, mud molasses and undetermined losses. This shows the net loss to be about $3,350,000 on the one crop of sugar. The labor situation is being discussed by the planters. The chief end to which they are now devoting their efforts is to bring Chinese laborers to Hawaii under proper restrictions, compelling them to remain only upon the plantations. The labor unions will probably endorse the plan, if the planters make concessions in the employment of skilled labor, agreeing only to employ white men in such a capacity.

THE POPE'S NEPHEWS.

Only three nephews, brothers, are left to the pope, and not one of them has ever gained anything through the relationship, except, perhaps, an advance in the consideration of the world. The Pecci come from the small town of Carpineto, which is perched among the hills. Here lives in the ancestral home, full of memories and mementos of the aged and illustrious pope, the eldest of the nephews, Count Isidoro, with his family. His life is modest and retiring, and the only thing he has ever received from his uncle is an occasional case of books, among which he sometimes finds such valuables as an autograph letter of some crowned head or a Latin poem in the pope's handwriting. Count Ricardo, the second brother, has property at Manuta, where he has always lived as a simple country gentleman. The third and youngest, Count Camillo, lives in Rome, where he is a well known hanger in papal society. He is also a member of the celebrated Noble Guard, and is almost daily in attendance on his uncle; but for all that not one penny of church money has ever found its way, even indirectly, into his pockets. The pope's private patrimony is chiefly in land in Carpineto, and is administered by an agent, who renders the pontiff a half-yearly account. The income arising from this goes, to the last penny, in private charity.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

News and Notes of Interest and Importance from All Parts of the State.

The Providence common council last evening passed a resolution authorizing the purchase, at a cost not exceeding $14,000, of land in Olneyville, which will be converted into the Neutaconkanut Hill Park. The land that it is proposed to purchase is owned by Theda W. Smith and Alfred A. Williams, and has a frontage on Plainfield street, Kidderly street and Sunset avenue. These parties own some 62 acres of land on the hill, and the site will make an admirable hill park, with an unsurpassed view of the city, Narragansett bay and the surrounding country east and south. Neutaconkanut Hill is the highest point of land within the city limits, and as a vantage point for sightseers is unexcelled. The hill has been prominent in Rhode Island History ever since Roger Williams spoke of it as "Ye greate hill Neutaconkanut." It was then one of the features of Providence plantations, and it is today of prime importance to the municipality as a vantage point from which to view the city and the contiguous Rhode Island territory, with glimpses of the old Bay State.

To settle the work of the new year a meeting of the Republican state central committee will be held at 11 o'clock Saturday morning, at Republican state headquarters, in the Banigan building, Providence. The meeting will be devoted to the organization of the committee, and to the consideration of the matter of registration. It is the intention of the leaders to have registration thorough in all cities and towns, and to have it begin early and continue until the closing of the books.

A meeting of the Central Falls City Council was held last evening and an appropriation of $800 was made to purchase fuel for the poor of the city and a committee appointed to act in conjunction with the overseer of the poor in expending the money.

After being free from small pox since last spring the city of Central Falls has another case. The patient is Delia Cattanauh, 20 years of age, who went to live in that city about six weeks ago, from Hebronville, having been boarding with a family on Cross street, directly opposite the police station. She has been ailing since last Thursday, and yesterday the health officer diagnosed the case as small pox. The detention hospital at Crow Point will be made ready at once, but it will take some time to get it heated sufficiently to make it safe to remove the patient to it, owing to the extremely cold weather. It is thought that by today the place will be ready. It is not known how the young woman caught the infection. The house where she lives has been placed under strict quarantine, and an officer is on guard outside.

After several years of litigation and arbitration the long-standing dispute between the city of Providence and the Consolidated railroad over the right of the railroad company to maintain its tracks in Allen's avenue in Providence has been settled, and an ordinance passed in concurrence at the meeting of the common council last evening gives the railroad certain definite privileges, and grants to the city a tract of land which will be exceedingly valuable in opening up a portion of the North End.

Mrs. Robert H. I. Goddard had a narrow escape while sleighing on College hill, Providence, yesterday. Mrs. Goddard and a companion were out driving behind a pair of Colonel Goddard's spirited horses, the ribbons being handled by John Water, coachman. In turning from North Main street into Waterman street at the foot of the hill the sleigh was brought round too abruptly and its occupants were thrown out. Both landed in the snow and escaped injuries of a serious character. The driver was thrown out also. Continuing on up the hill, the horses were caught by a man who was passing, and no great damage was done to the sleigh.

TRUANT SCHOOLBOYS.

[Boston Transcript.]

Walter Crofut, the young son of the rector of Christ Church, in Sparkill, ran away from school recently and the truant officer had a summons served on his father to appear before a justice of the peace in Nyack on a charge of wilfully violating the truancy laws. Walter is ten years old and was recently castigated with a hoe by his teacher. There is no doubt that Walter by transgressing the school regulations has shown himself to be a wilful boy. But we do not suppose that he has thereby started on the road to perdition. The bad boy sometimes makes an exceptionally good man. Here is a list of a few who did not disgrace their families because they found school life irksome:

Farragut.—His biographer says of him at nine: "Evidently he had started on the road to ruin. He was precocious in sinful habits. He was uncouth, profane, reckless. He was not ambitious. He was content with low associates."

Elisha Kent Kane.—He was a "regular little rebel." Once flogged by his master until he was completely subdued, but bore the marks of the licking for several weeks.

Patrick Henry.—His father "found it impossible to make him studious and the longer he studied the more he disliked school. He was idle, hating work as heartily as he did Latin, doing nothing but mischief. He loved fishing, hunting, loafing, carousing. As a clerk in a store he drew around him the lowest class of characters in town."

William L. Marcy, Polk's Secretary of War and Pierce's Secretary of State.—A bad boy, "headstrong, disobedient, rough, profane and ugly." The patience of his parents was exhausted with him and he was told that he was the worst boy in town and going to ruin as fast as he could.

So there's hope for Walter. And perhaps he will be interested to know that Grant left school at seven to go into his father's tannery and ride the horse in the bark-mill, and that Garfield counted as among his choicest memories those of the year when, as a potash manufacturer's clerk, he came upon a collection of books that included "The Pirate's Own Book," "Sinbad the Sailor" and "Lives of Eminent Criminals." The reading of these books inspired him with a desire to go to sea, and he got a place on a Lake Erie boat. Nevertheless, he would probably have advised Walter to stick to his schoolbooks. It is best for most of us.

THE "MIRACULOUS" ANDERSONVILLE SPRING.

There is a renewed discussion as to the origin of the "miraculous spring" at the Andersonville prison pen. Hospital Steward Henry J. Walls, U. S. A., sends the New York Sun from Cubana Barracks, Cuba, a clipping from the Century of 1890, giving an account of the spring's appearance. In August, 1864, there was a heavy thunderstorm, the lightning seeming to strike in several places within the inclosure. The writer of the article says:

"It struck, or seemed to strike, at one place about 50 yards from my own shelter and just within the dead line. I immediately walked over to the spot, with many others, to see what damage was done. I found an ugly-looking rent in the ground, out of which was flowing a clear, copious stream of water between the dead line and the stockade, perhaps three feet within the dead line, on the east side of the inclosure and 50 or 60 yards above the spot where the brook entered. The general belief among all the prisoners in that vicinity was that the spring was opened by the lightning, and the fact that it was so opened was not questioned till years afterward. It looked as though the electric fluid had found vent at this place from the over-charged earth. Be that as it may, this spring gave us pure, sweet water, and in sufficient quantity from this time out so long as the place was occupied as a prison; and I have been told that it was still a living spring 20 years afterward."

FORTABLE SCHOOLHOUSES.

Portable schoolhouses is the latest idea for the solution of the problem of overcrowding in the schools. Harper's Weekly describes the plan: "The idea of portable school buildings first came from Paris. Then the idea reached the United States, about five years ago, and Milwaukee was first to adopt it. In St. Louis, which next adopted the portable schoolhouse, the plan was a great success. Several large eastern cities have within the last year or so commenced on a small scale to have portable schoolhouses as a part of the educational facilities. In St. Louis there has been a great influx of people on account of the world's fair. When the city schools opened this fall the increase was enormous, but the schools were well able to care for them. The portable school building, however, is all that saves them, and when in any neighborhood there is a likelihood of an over-crowding, a portable school building is at once moved in. At present there are 27 schoolhouses of this kind in the world's fair city, and all of them are in use."

Purity.

Purity is the best of all things; purity is the purest of all things; purity is for man, next to life, the greatest good. Thus said the ancient Persian.

How true this is even when applied to material. We should seek the purest food, the purest metal, the purest wearing materials, and the purest paint, which does so much to beautify the home. One hundred per cent purity is found in the COLONIAL Paint, for sale by your dealer.

GEO. C. BARKER & SON,
60 Spring St., Sole Agents.

NOTICES.

Sale of Business.

I have this day disposed of the Job-Printing office heretofore connected with the Daily News to Mr. William O. Milne, who will conduct the business on his own account.

Mr. Milne has been foreman of the office for many years, and will be found to be fully competent to do any work which may be intrusted to him.

I ask that those who have heretofore been customers of this department of my business may continue their orders to Mr. Milne.

T. T. PITMAN.

Rhode Island Normal School.

Spring term begins MONDAY, Feb. 2, at 9 o'clock A. M. Examination for admission and classification will be held Friday, Jan. 16, beginning at 9 A. M. For catalogue or other information apply to CHARLES S. CHAPIN, Principal, Box 871, or THOMAS B. STOCKWELL, Secretary Trustees, Box 1,192, Providence.

First National Bank.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the choice of directors, will be held Tuesday, January 13, 1903, from eleven to twelve o'clock M.

NATHL. B. SWINBURNE, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., December 12, 1902.

Aquidneck National Bank.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at their banking rooms, Tuesday, January 13, 1903, at 11 o'clock A. M., to consider the acceptance of Section 3 of the Articles of Association, the election of directors for the ensuing year and for any other business that may lawfully come before the meeting.

CHAS. T. HOUKINS, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., December 12, 1902.

IN THE MATTER OF THE MERCHANTS BANK.

SUPREME COURT,
APPELLATE DIVISION.

Charles C. Gray et al., Petitioners, vs. Merchants Bank of Newport. } M. P. No. 68

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the Merchants Bank of Newport, and to all other persons interested, that a petition has been presented to the Hon. the Supreme Court of the State of Rhode Island asking that the unclaimed portion of said bank be wound up and authority to sell the real estate of said bank and the furniture and fixtures contained in said building at private sale for a sum less than the sum of eleven thousand five hundred dollars, said real estate consists of the lot or parcel of land in the city of Newport bounded easterly on Thames street about twenty feet, southerly on land of Gerald B. Rice about one hundred feet, westerly on land of the heirs or devisees of John A. Peckham about one hundred feet, and northerly on land of said heirs or devisees of John A. Peckham about one hundred feet, containing about two thousand square feet of land with the buildings and appurtenances thereon.

All persons interested in the power of said trustees are hereby notified that said petition has been set down for hearing on Wednesday, December 24, 1902, at ten o'clock A. M. at the Providence County Court House, in Providence, before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, when all said persons may be present, if they see fit, and be heard upon said petition.

JOHN C. BUCKI,
Receiver Merchants Bank.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, Dec. 16, 8 A. M.—Forecast for New England—Rain in the southern, rain or snow in northern portions tonight; warmer except in southeastern portions; Wednesday, fair in southern, rain or snow in northern portions; colder in western and southern portions; variable winds, becoming southwesterly to westerly, and brisk to high.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Dec. 16, 8 A. M.—Local forecast—Rain tonight; Wednesday, fair and colder; brisk southwesterly winds, shifting to westerly Wednesday.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The storm central over the lower Mississippi valley Monday morning has moved northward to the upper Lake region, continuing of moderate energy. This morning it was central over Lake Superior, with lowest barometer of 29.58 inches. During the past 24 hours it has caused general and copious rains in the Mississippi valley and eastern portion of the country. Today the weather has cleared, except in the Lake region, Middle states and New England, where light rain or snow continues. In the western portion of the country fair weather prevails. The barometer is low over the Lake region and in the Canadian northwest. The temperature is generally higher in eastern states, and lower in western districts. At 8 o'clock this morning in New England it ranged from 26, in northern parts, to 40, on the southern coast. At New York it was 48; Washington, 34; New Orleans, 41; St. Louis, 24; Chicago, 26; St. Paul, 26; Bismarck, 6 below zero, and San Francisco, 46.

John W. Smith,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature.	45	51	52
Wind.	S E	S	S
Weather.	Rain	Rain	Rain

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16.

Sun rises	7 h 07 m
Sun sets	16 h 12 m
Moon rises	18 h 26 m
Length of day	9 h 05 m
Day's decrease	2 h 12 m
High water	3 h 18 m; 20 h 35 m

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 17.

Sun rises	7 h 08 m
Sun sets	16 h 11 m
Moon rises	19 h 37 m
Length of day	9 h 03 m
Day's decrease	0 h 12 m
High water	4 h 56 m; 21 h 27 m

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18.

Sun rises	7 h 08 m
Sun sets	16 h 11 m
Moon rises	20 h 49 m
Length of day	9 h 03 m
Day's decrease	0 h 12 m
High water	5 h 47 m; 22 h 20 m

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19.

Sun rises	7 h 09 m
Sun sets	16 h 10 m
Moon rises	21 h 58 m
Length of day	9 h 01 m
Day's decrease	0 h 14 m
High water	6 h 41 m; 23 h 15 m

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter, December 21, 15 h 00 m M.
New Moon, December 29, 10 h 25 m. M.

NEW TODAY.

Colonial Paint, 4th page.
Barney—Pianos, 8th page.
Lapgin—Special, 8th page.
Wanted—Young Man, 7th page.
Boston Grocery—Clears, 3d page.
Sleigh, etc., at Auction, 8th page.
M. L. Tobin—Hats Reduced, 6th page.
The Bee Hive—Neckties, etc., 1st page.
J. W. Horton & Co.—Pottery, 5th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework, 7th page.
The Bijou—Christmas Display, 5th page.
H. L. Dellaks—Wrenches, etc., 5th page.
A. P. Tituss Co.—Xmas Sleighs, 1st page.
G. H. Popple—"Dorothy Dodd" Shoe, 6th page.
The Geo. A. Weaver Co.—Insurance Offers, 2d p.
H. Hesel & Son—Pocketbooks, etc., 5th page.

FOR SALE.

Lot on Friendship street, 60 feet front; room for two small cottages.
Middleton land, Bath road, Annandale road, Weaver avenue, Parker avenue and Middleton avenue, building lots all sizes.
Excellent building site, Everett street.
Two-tenement house, Spruce street, a good investment.

HERBERT L. DYER,
1 TRAVERS BLOCK,
COR BELLEVUE AVE. AND BATH ROAD.

Gas and Electric Lighting.

Electric Bells and Telephones.

PHILIP F. CONROY, Gas Building.
Telephone

FIRE!
FIRE!!
FIRE!!!
INSURANCE
Henry Bull, Jr.,
183 THAMES STREET.

NOTICE. All companies formerly represented at the Sherman agency now represented at this office.

Real Estate.

For sale, lot on Friendship street, contains 4,500 sq. ft., $1,000.

Two lots, Hope street, between Powel avenue and Rhode Island avenue, each $1,500.

Two-tenement house in the Point district, lot 5,000 sq. ft., rents for $312, $3,400.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Gas Building. 183 Thames Street.

EDWIN T. BANNING
Architect,
Has removed from 207 Thames Street to
Corner Spring and John Sts.

FOR RENT.

An Unfurnished Cottage,

Containing eight rooms; has stable and garden; is centrally located. Rent very reasonable.
APPLY TO
A. W. Luther, Real Estate Agent,
JAMESTOWN, R. I.

A. O'D. TAYLOR
OFFERS FOR SALE:
1. Property on Perry wharf, Market Square, at $8,500. Jamestown and Newport Steamboat landings pass it daily.
2. Two-tenement house on Spruce street; rents $192 yearly. Price $2,500.
Mr. Taylor is Notary Public for the State of Rhode Island, and Commissioner of Deeds for taking acknowledgments, certificates and depositions for the following states: New York, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Wisconsin and for the District of Columbia. Office 122 Bellevue Avenue; hours 9 till 6. Telephone No. 250.

DIED.

RUSSELL—In South Portsmouth, 15th inst., Nathan H. Russell, in the 83d year of his age. Funeral at the Christian Church, South Portsmouth, Wednesday, Dec. 17, at 1 o'clock. Friends and friends are respectfully invited to attend.
SHAY—In Fall River, 14th inst., James H. Shay, in his 39th year.
KENNEDY—In Fall River, 15th inst., Mary J. Kennedy.
SUTHERLAND—In Fall River, 14th inst., Jessie, wife of Hugh Sutherland, in her 74th year.
GIFFORD—In Princeton, Mass., 13th inst., Susan A., widow of Samuel Gifford.
HARDY—In Providence, 15th inst., Emily S., widow of Alexander Hardy, in her 78th year.
KENNY—In Providence, 15th inst., Bridget, widow of Patrick Kenny, in her 93d year.
MORRILL—In Providence, 15th inst., Joel A. Morrill, in his 48th year.
HOAD—In Washington, R. I., 11th inst., Caroline D., wife of Alfred Hoad, in her 77th year.
LEONARD—In Pawtucket, 14th inst., Mary F., widow of David M. Leonard.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

Rheumatic sufferers find Hood's Sarsaparilla a permanent cure for their inflamed and swollen joints and stiff muscles.

For Rent.

COTTAGE, Summer street, $35.00
COTTAGE, Gould street, 25.00
COTTAGE, Second street, 15.00
COTTAGE, Gurney court, 14.00
COTTAGE, Broadway, 50.00
TENEMENT, Broadway, 14.00
TENEMENT, Mann avenue, 20.00
TENEMENT, Third street, 16.00
TENEMENT, Newport avenue, 16.00
TENEMENT, Appleby street, 15.00
TENEMENT, Bridge street, 10.00
APPLY TO
C. H. WRIGHTINGTON
94 Broadway.

For You.

A stable property on Prospect Hill street, or would do for cottages or stores.

A property on Bellevue avenue, now occupied as a stable; goes cheap.

STRICT ATTENTION TO ALL REAL ESTATE MATTERS has been my record for over twelve years, and I am carrying out the same policy now.

HAZARD,
40 BROADWAY.

FOR SALE.

For Sale, Cheap,
About One Thousand Privet Plants,
Two years old.
APPLY TO
F. S. & S. P. BARKER,
105 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

Pony Sleigh (in good condition, light wood), Plumes and Bells.
Apply Cochman, Paul Andrews's stable.

Cow Manure for Sale.

Several cords of green manure; will exchange for hay. Apply at Long Meadow, Bliss Mill road.

FOR SALE.

Sleigh, Pole and Shafts, Bells, Double and Single Harness.
Apply at Mr. Willard's stable, Middletown avenue.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE 27 WILLOW STREET.
Inquire 2 Willow street, or 57 Bridge street. Wm. P. Carr.

FOR SALE.

The Groff Estate, 63 Touro Street
APPLY TO C. H. TABER.

Bob Runners for Sale.

Several pairs, heavy and light.
One Second-Hand Pung.
JAS. H. WILSON & SON
11 WEST BROADWAY.

128 Broadway.

QUARANTINE.

I. Quarantine Against All Cattle
COMING FROM
Massachusetts, Connecticut
And other states was ordered November 1, 1902, and is now in force.
II. All persons owning Cows, Oxen, Bulls, Calves, Sheep and Hogs
ARE HEREBY PROHIBITED
from removing any such animals from their premises where they now are, under the
PENALTY OF THE LAW.
By order of the State Board of Agriculture.
GEO. A. STOCKWELL, Secretary.
Providence, Dec. 11, 1902.

RAIN, INSTEAD OF SNOW.

To-day's Storm Plays Havoc with Street Cars, Floods Cellars and Does Other Damage.

The snowstorm that was looked for last night and today failed to materialize in the form expected. The weather softened too much for snow, so the precipitation was in the shape of rain, which spoiled the good sleighing and made the walking very bad. The street department men had yesterday prepared for such an event, and many of the gutters were cleared. Considerable work, however, was necessary on Thames street this morning to make it passable, and even then to cross it was, in places, a case of wading rather than walking; other streets were in the same condition. Under the influence of the rain and warmer weather the snow is rapidly disappearing.

Owing to the delay in clearing the gutters the cellars on Long wharf were flooded today and considerable damage was done.

The rain spoiled the sledding for the small boys and girls. Teamsters are not sorry for this, as hitching boys were so numerous and persistent as to cause a great deal of trouble. The boys do not realize the danger on such a thoroughfare as Thames street, but the drivers do. On streets where vehicles are not so numerous or so close together the drivers do not apparently care how many sleds follow them.

The rain and the melting snow have seriously interfered with the street cars, both in the city and out on the island. The water in places along the routes is so deep that it reaches the motors and burns them out as soon as the cars attempt to move. The Island cars have been stalled at various places, and one of the city cars has been sent out to help them out of their difficulty. At one time this afternoon there were four cars near together above the City Hall on Broadway, and the service was entirely stopped for three quarters of an hour in the lower part of the city.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The third in the series of five socials was held at the Gardner House last evening, with a good attendance. The usual games were played, and there was reading by Mrs. I. P. Carr and singing by Dr. Luther of Newport, and piano selections by Mr. William R. Boone of Newport. The evening was brought to a close with dancing. These socials have proved so successful that it is proposed to have five more.

The rain and thaw have so filled the streets with water that travelling is difficult. The gutters on Narragansett avenue are being cleared, thus allowing the water to run off and making traveling much pleasanter.

Captain J. R. Briggs attended the one hundred and fifty-third annual election of officers of St. John's Lodge in Newport last night. Captain Briggs is one of the oldest, if not the oldest, member of the lodge.

But little work is now being done either at Fox Hill or at the Dumplings, the larger part of the men having been laid off for the winter.

THE WINTHROP—AMORY ENGAGEMENT.

An engagement which has called forth as much interest in society as any this season is that which was announced last week, of Miss Dorothy Amory, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Amory of Boston, and Mr. Frederic Winthrop, son of Mrs. Robert Winthrop of New York. His sister is Miss Albertina Winthrop, and the two brothers are Beekman Winthrop and Robert Dudley Winthrop. The Winthrop family is among the oldest and most aristocratic in New York. Miss Amory's mother was Elizabeth Gardner. Her father is a member of the Somerset and Country clubs of Boston, and Mrs. T. J. Coolidge, Jr., is an older sister. Her brothers are William Amory, 2d., and George G. Amory.

TO GET ONE HUNDRED CARS A DAY.

Beginning this month and continuing until June 1, the entire product of the Pressed Steel Car Company, over 100 cars a day, will be taken by the Pennsylvania system. Already part of the order of the Pennsylvania for 15,000 cars is being filled. This means an expense of $15,000,000, and the increase of the capacity of the Pennsylvania equipment by 750,000 tons. This is one of the means by which the Pennsylvania plans to relieve the freight congestion in the Pittsburg district. The orders for engines to move these cars have been given.

EDWARD HARRIGAN.

Edward Harrigan, who has the burden of the comedy work in Charles Frohman's production of Clyde Fitch's new play, "The Bird in the Cage," is a New York comedian, who also has a reputation as a Metropolitan manager and playwright. Harrigan & Hart's theatre was for years the only large comedy resort in that city, and almost every member of the company developed into a star eventually. Mr. Harrigan was the only playwright of the organization during that period and appeared in all the pieces. On the dissolution of the company he starred the principal cities in his own plays for several seasons, and with the profits of the tours built himself a new theatre in New York, which for a time bore his name and afterwards passed from his control and became known by its present title of the Garrick. After a voluntary retirement of nearly six years he was induced by Mr. Frohman to return to the stage and appear in "The Bird in the Cage," the first play in which he has ever been seen that was not written by himself. He is considered as without a rival in natural Irish comedy, and it is believed that he has in the new play one of the best roles he has acted in his long career. Mr. Harrigan could not resist the overtures of Mr. Frohman and Mr. Fitch to emerge from his retirement, and essay the character they feel belongs so well to him.

THE BUFFALO'S PRACTICE CRUISE.

Training ship Buffalo sailed from New York Saturday on a practice cruise, with a draft of apprentices. The ship will visit San Domingo, Antigua, Martinique, Curacoa, Kingston, San Juan, New Orleans and Pensacola, in the order named, and will endeavor to be back at New York April 1, 1903. Christmas will be spent in Antigua. Rev. J. F. Fleming is chaplain on the Buffalo.

BEACH IMPROVEMENTS.

Auto Stand Built, Lawn Extended, Bathhouses Erected, for Spouting Rock Association.

The Spouting Rock Beach Association is making extensive improvements to its property. Contractor Corrigan is digging away a part of the mound lot at the junction of Bellevue and Coggeshall avenues, to form an automobile stand—a section 60 feet wide on Coggeshall avenue and 120 feet deep on Bellevue. This will allow the storing of many autos, and yet leave room for the carriages, which have been badly crowded the last two seasons by automobiles. The removal of a large amount of earth was necessary, as the lot rises rapidly from the level of the road.

The stone wall, 400 feet long, extending from the west pavilion well up to the pumping station, has been capped with a close board fence, painted green, to keep the sand off the grass. The lawn, which once reached only as far as the bathing pavilions, has been carried west 400 feet, by putting a good coating of loam over the sand. This ought to give good satisfaction next year, as that portion of the beach has heretofore been loose sand, while hereafter only the beach proper, or that part covered by water at high tides, will be left free to the sand. This arrangement will also lessen the work of keeping the beach clean.

An additional section of bathhouses has been built to the east of the entrance of the west pavilion. This addition is similar to one made to the west of the entrance about two years ago.

BOWLING AT THE Y. M. C. A.

In the Young Men's Christian Association duck pin tournament on the gymnasium alleys last evening team No. 4, captained by H. W. Rankin, and team No. 6, captained by H. C. Christian, played an interesting match, the former winning three straight games by narrow margins, the first by 11 pins, the second by 19 pins and the third by six pins. Farmer of the winning team and Bailey of the losing team made the high single, 122, the highest in the tournament play. Bailey had the high total, 287, with Farmer only 4 pins behind. The individual and team scores were as follows:

TEAM NO. 4.				
Zarr	89	83	90	262
Farmer	122	87	74	283
L. Rippin	74	82	73	229
Holden	80	71	87	238
Rankin	76	88	77	241
	441	411	400	1253
TEAM NO. 6.				
Seabury	84	79	77	240
Adams	90	62	75	227
F. Bailey	122	84	81	287
Doe	74	75	76	225
Christian	89	83	81	253
	459	383	390	1232

ARTILLERY'S WHIST AND DANCE.

The Newport Artillery had its first whist and dance evening last night. The guests were late in arriving, and it was about 8:30 when, by courtesy of a number of gentlemen who were kind enough to assume the parts of ladies, there were enough persons present to fill out 10 tables of whist. Play was then commenced, and continued until 10 o'clock. Miss Hattie I. Chase won the ladies' first prize, and Miss Grace Hoss the ladies' consolation prize. For the gentlemen Mr. Henry Root and Mr. Albert Bailey had to cut for first prize, Mr. Root winning. Mr. Garrison Avery took the gentlemen's consolation. The dancing was the old-fashioned kind, with plenty of squares, which lasted until 1 o'clock. The Howard orchestra furnished music.

STONE MILL LODGE OFFICERS INSTALLED.

The officers-elect of Stone Mill Lodge, No. 3, A. F. & A. M., were last night installed by Grand Master William H. Watson. They are as follows:

Worshipful Master—David B. Allen.
Senior Warden—John Ambush.
Junior Warden—Robert E. Brooks.
Chaplain—Stephen G. Payne.
Secretary—Aaron Buchanan.
Treasurer—Samuel Brown.
Senior Deacon—George Seaforteh.
Junior Deacon—John H. Freeman.
Senior Steward—Benjamin H. Ruffin.
Junior Steward—Carl Joseff.
Tyler—Henry Read.
Marshall—Samuel H. Norris.

GIRLS HEAR BETTER THAN BOYS.

Professor Wenley, teacher of philosophy at the University of Michigan, has announced to his class that girls hear sounds incapable of detection by boys' ears.

"In the university laboratories," he said, "it has been discovered that girls' ears hear a higher range of sounds than do those of boys. Masculine ears have a lower range than feminine, of course, and it is quite possible that they detect lower-toned sounds. But the feminine capacity is the point proved."

WHAT TO TEACH YOUR DAUGHTER.

Teach her that 100 cents make a dollar.

Teach her how to wear a simple muslin dress, and to wear it like a queen.

Teach her to sew on buttons, darn stockings, and mend gloves.

Teach her to dress for health and comfort, as well as for appearance.

Teach her to arrange the parlor and the library.

Teach her to love and cultivate flowers.

Teach her to say "No," and mean it; and to say "Yes," and stick to it.

Teach her to have nothing to do with intemperate and dissolute young men.

Teach her to pay regard to the character of those she would associate with, and not to how much money they have.

Teach her to have a place for everything and to put everything in its place.

Teach her that music is an elevating and delightful accomplishment, and should not be neglected if there be enough money to give her instruction in it.

Teach her that the more she lives within her income the more she will save, and the farther away she will keep from privation when reverses come.

Teach her to take advantage of every opportunity for reading, selecting such books as will give her suitable mental training and practical information for a good and useful life.

Teach her that modesty is the most attractive of all qualities and that loud talking or laughter in public not only disgusts everybody that hears it, but will eventually destroy her self-respect.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—There was no criminal business before the district court today.

—On account of the storm there were no sessions of the public schools today.

—Miss Annie Lyman has closed her cottage and gone to her home in Boston.

—Miss Gertrude Gilbert, who has been spending several weeks here, has returned to New York.

—The Central Baptist Church will hold its annual supper and business meeting this evening.

—First Lieutenant Edward Hill, artillery corps, is assigned to the Seventy-fifth company at Fort Adams.

—Grand Master Sumner Mowry and his suite will make an official visit to Excelsior Lodge, No. 19, I. O. of O. F.

—Messrs. West and Copeland, well known in local circles for their work as amateur minstrels, and especially in buck and wing dancing, will appear at the People's Theatre Friday evening of this week, amateur night.

—On the last Thursday in January an organ recital will be given at the First Presbyterian Church by Mr. Charles P. Scott, assisted by Mr. Hall of Boston, tenor, and Miss Cora Gosling, soprano, of this city.

—First Lieutenant Henry H. Shosa, Ninety-seventh company, artillery corps, at Fort Adams, is transferred to the unassigned list, and will report to Fort Barrancas, Florida, for duty. First Lieutenant Richard T. Ellis is assigned to the Ninety-seventh company in Lieutenant Sheen's place.

—In the firemen's tourney last night the board of firewards played at No. 7 house, the score being as follows: Board of firewards—Pinochle, 3; cribbage, 4; pool, 0. No. 5—Pinochle, 2; cribbage, 1; pool, 1. No. 6 played at No. 5 house, with the following resultant score: No. 6—Pinochle, 1; cribbage, 2; pool, 0. No. 5—Pinochle, 1; cribbage, 3; pool, 1.

—Mr. Clarence W. Dolan is having extensive improvements made to his place near Spouting Rock beach, once known as the Davis Swiss Chalet. The work is being done by G. F. Payne & Co., and Alexander Booth is doing the mason work. Besides an addition to the house, terraces are to be built and considerable other work will be done about the grounds.

GLAD TO BE ALIVE.

[Rev. M. J. Savage.]

However you feel about it then I am glad, glad beyond any words, that I have had a look at this marvellous world, that I have been able to gaze into the sky at night. What a beautiful picture that is that Wordsworth gives to us when he says—

"The moon doth with delight
Look round her when the heavens are bare;
Waters on a starry night are
Beautiful and fair."

and wind and cloud and sky and mountain and river and sea and all growing and beautiful things! On your knees, I say, in awe and wonder and gratitude! And never dare, after having this magnificent gift bestowed upon you, to speak slightingly of these senses and this wonderful body that puts you into even passing, momentary touch with these strange, delightful things! Not only simply to look at them. There is another thing I am glad to be alive for; and that is that I can study this wonderful world, and see beneath the surface and beyond the ordinary limits of the vision.

I remember an illustration used once by one of my teachers in the divinity school, who compared the world to a house that was constructed on this marvellous plan: you enter one room, and here are several doors, any one of which you can take, leading you into another room; you pass through one of these doors and are in another room, still with a good many doors leading out of it; before investigating this one you go into another, still many doors; another, still many doors; and life is not long enough to explore and discover a thousandth part of it all.

FRENCH FRUGALITY.

[Harper's Magazine.]

There is no better place to study French frugality than in the parks and open squares of Paris. Go to one of the second-hand fairs held on the outer boulevards. What in other countries would be cast aside as useless is here exposed for sale, having been carefully sorted over by the ragpickers, whose sole support is the rubbish which you see—broken china, bits of glass, pieces of stone, old nails, old pots and pans, old shoes, old combs and brushes. Does a woman need a cup? Has she broken a saucer? For two cents she can replace them. Is her lock broken, her key lost? Behold a thousand from which to choose! The poor students may find their books, mothers their children's shoes.

Each house in Paris is provided by the city with a large box. Into this the servants throw all that is not needed by the family, whether of food or raiment. Every morning the chiffonniers or ragpickers are privileged to search through these boxes before the contents are carted by the city to distant fields, where the refuse is employed in fertilizing the soil. From the homes of the wealthy the poor receive many articles of real value. Fifty thousand ragpickers, say the statistics, realize $10,000 daily from their pickings!

GOVERNOR-ELECT PRESIDING.

Master of New Hampshire Grange Presents His Annual Address.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Dec. 16.—The New Hampshire State Grange opened its twenty-eighth annual session in this city today, with an unusually large attendance from all sections of the state. The master of the state organization, Hon. Nahum J. Bachelder, governor-elect, presided, and the first hour was given up to a roll call of the subordinate Granges, and the appointment of a committee on credentials.

Following these preliminary arrangements adjournment was made for dinner, and when the Grange re-assembled the master presented his annual address, which contained a discussion of the agricultural condition of the commonwealth, the state's summer hotel business, the foot and mouth disease, woman's suffrage and the problem of reducing the membership of the New Hampshire house of representatives. The discussion of these problems was listened to with unusual interest, because the views were those of the state's next governor.

The report of Emri C. Hutchinson, secretary, showed the total membership of the order in New Hampshire to be 25,302, divided into 263 Granges. There has been a net gain of seven Granges and 1,200 members during the year.

The report of the treasurer, Joseph D. Roberts of Dover, showed fully $15,000 in the treasury, which is the largest cash balance the order has ever reported.

Tonight there will be a public meeting, which will be addressed by Governor Chester B. Jordan, Governor-elect Nahum J. Bachelder, Hon. Aaron Jones of Indiana, master of the National Grange, and others.

CONCORD'S CONVENTION.

Constitutional Amendments Killed by New Hampshire Delegates.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 16.—The constitutional convention this morning killed amendments providing for the forbidding of the exemption from taxation of property used for purposes of profit and gain, abolishing the title "His Excellency," as applied to the governor, and substituting standard coinage for the present provision of shillings and pence. The election of all officers by plurality votes was made a special order for tomorrow morning, and the election of certain state officers by the people for Wednesday afternoon.

NAVAL NOTES.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Edgar Thomson has been detached from the Montgomery, and ordered to duty with the marine guard at Culebra, and Passed Assistant Surgeon Harold H. Haas is detached from duty with the marine guard at Culebra, and ordered to the Montgomery.

Acting Boatswain Edwin Murphy, is detached from the Atlanta, and ordered to report to the admiral of the navy for duty.

President Roosevelt has nominated Commanders Edward D. Taussig and Richard Clinch to be captains.

A special cable despatch from Port Antonio, Jamaica, states that the Yankton has arrived there for coal and provisions.

Rear Admiral Coghlan has telegraphed the Navy Department that the canal at Culebra has been completed. This is expected to materially improve sanitary conditions in the harbor, where many of the small ships of the fleet are lying.

Admiral Dewey, commanding the battleship fleet, with the exception of the Massachusetts, sailed for Culebra yesterday morning and engaged the vessels in tactical evolutions. These evolutions are preliminary to the great exercises which are to follow the holidays. The details of the blockade problem are announced. The torpedo boats inside of Great harbor will steal out and attack the battleships, lying not less than two miles distant. Judges will be appointed to determine which side is victorious. The value of torpedo boats will thus be demonstrated, and the commanders are confident that the prejudice against this type of vessel will be swept away as a result of their behavior.

MANY STATES AND FOREIGN LANDS.

Residents of Newport need no introduction to George Francis Train, for he has been a familiar figure on the streets, having at one time owned a house at the foot of Bellevue avenue. His recent autobiography, "My Life in Many States and in Foreign Lands," will be read with varying degrees of interest. As a book it is most readable and interesting; many portions are thrilling, and others are most pathetic. To appreciate an autobiography to any extent one must know personally its author; so in this case those who know Mr. Train best can best understand. It is evident, however, that he is a man of much talent as a leader and organizer, though he was not a success in the final consummation of his plans. It is likewise evident that either he is a thoroughly misunderstood man or else he fails to understand the world.

D. Appleton & Company, New York.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY.

Chickens, 18c. and 20c.
Corned Tongue, 16c.
Small Porterhouse Steak, 20c.
Legs of Mutton, 15c.
Forequarters Mutton, 8c.
Chops, 2 lbs. for 25c.

H. F. ROONEY, 251 Thames St.

Most Appropriate and Sensible Xmas Gifts.

We have hundreds of orders waiting for Christmas delivery, comprising sensible and useful articles in Furniture, etc. Nothing is more appropriate or appreciated than some useful article that will add to the beauty of the home.

You will find here hundreds of suggestions suitable for gifts, and at remarkably low prices.

Bissell Sweeper, $2.75. Ladies' Desks, $4.75
Gold Chairs, $4.25.
Rockers of every description, from $2.59.
Just received, a large line of Mirrors
Now in Show Window.

WALSH BROS.

Do Your Eyes Ache?

Do your glasses cause discomfort? Perfect fitting glasses never cause discomfort — they make the vision normal. Uncomfortable glasses, don't fit—may be they did once, but the eyes are constantly changing. In any case, they are **The Wrong Glasses.** and wrong glasses are worse than no glasses.

If your glasses are not perfectly comfortable, don't wait a minute. Come here and you'll get the right ones.

OVER 20 YEARS EXPERIENCE.

MUELLER, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN.
166 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

National Bank at Hyndman Closed by Comptroller of the Currency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Comptroller of the Currency Ridgley has closed the National Bank of South Pennsylvania at Hyndman, Penn., and has appointed Walter R. Mason, bank examiner, as receiver.

The report of the condition of the bank at the close of business November 25, 1902, shows its resources and liabilities on that date as follows:

Resources—Loans and discounts, $53,410; bonds and interest on same, $13,700; stocks, securities, claims, etc., $17,010; due from national and other banks, $17,275; legal tender and specie, $8,344.

Liabilities—Capital stock, $50,000; surplus and undivided profits, $10,010; circulating notes, $12,500; due to national and other banks, $3,058; deposits, $40,122.

The failure of the bank was due to losses sustained through large loans to officers and directors. A controversy has existed between the stockholders of the bank, of several weeks' duration, and an attempt was made to arrange the affairs of the bank to prevent a receivership. Owing to the impossibility of any agreement being reached, the comptroller today appointed a receiver, at the request of the larger stockholders.

AFTER SEVENTEEN YEARS' SERVICE.

Clerk in Postoffice Arrested for Stealing Money from Mails.

LEOMINSTER, Mass., Dec. 16.—Seventeen years of service in the local postoffice terminated today, in the case of Simeon W. Burns, with his arrest, on suspicion of having stolen money from the mails. Inspectors C. N. Pendleton and F. E. McMillan of the postoffice department caused the arrest, and it was claimed that marked bills which had been placed in decoy letters were found in Burns's possession.

Burns was a clerk, and had been connected with the office since 1885. He is 36 years of age, and married. He was locked up, pending the arrival of a United States marshal.

FAT MEN IN PUBLIC LIFE.

The Virginia legislature has in the person of James Banks of Carroll one of the largest men in public life. He weighs 375 pounds. A large chair is to be provided for his accommodation in the Virginia Capitol. The avoirdupois of this member of the Virginia legislature recalls some interesting notes in regard to several unusually heavy legislators of the past. Dixon H. Lewis, who came to Congress from Alabama in 1829, in his twenty-seventh year, weighed 430 pounds. During his term of service in either end of the Capitol a chair of very large dimensions, and of the strongest manufacture, was provided for him. He traveled to Washington in the public mail coaches, and as a passenger he paid for two seats, a space which he entirely filled. Mr. Lewis was chairman of the ways and means committee in the House, and became chairman of the finance committee when he was advanced to the Senate.

The great chair which was provided for Mr. Lewis was retained for years by the late Mr. Bassett, of the Senate chamber, and when Judge David Davis, who was a very large man, came to the Senate from Illinois the Lewis chair was placed at his disposal. But he looked at it in disgust and observed that he did not want a license for a seat. He had it removed and a very large chair was provided for him, which is now in the Senate appropriations committee room. The Lewis chair was asked for by the World's Fair officials and carried to Chicago as the Davis chair, but when informed that Mr. Davis never occupied it the officials returned it to the Senate custody, where it remained until two years ago, when it was purchased by the family of the Alabama statesman.

Since the Civil war Gustave Schleicher of Texas, a member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, was perhaps physically the biggest member of Congress. He weighed about 420 pounds. The door leading from the House to the centre corridor was altered for his comfortable entrance.

Say, have you been

—TO—

The Bijou,

TO SEE THEIR

Christmas Display?

THEY HAVE ALL KINDS OF

Dolls, Toys, Games, Drums, Dolls' Furniture, Pianos, Glassware, Chinaware, Rugs, etc.

Come and see for yourself.
Be sure and get a ticket on the $50 in gold with every $5 purchase.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.

30 THAMES STREET.

ITALIAN OLIVE OIL SOAP,
(White and green),
PREVENTS SKIN FROM CHAPPING.
PELEG BRYER,
25 BROADWAY. 11 SPRING ST.

IS YOUR CREDIT GOOD?

Or perhaps you are in the same boat as the young man who told his proposed father-in-law that he hadn't much money, **"But was chock full of a day's work."**

But lots of people started out in this way and are doing well, but they are prudent and careful with what they spend, try and do the best with every dollar. We think we can do better for you on

Christmas Goods, the Greatest Variety at Reasonable Prices.

Now here is a little drive for instance. A full-size Decorated China Chocolate Set, 6 Cups and Saucers and Chocolate Pot, regular price $2.50, our price **$1.34.** Full-Size Tete-tete Set, Decorated China Tea Pot, Cream and Sugar, 6 Cups and Saucers for $2.23; this is a $3.50 set. A few Bouillon Cups with Covers, finely decorated, for 59c.

Mechanical Trains, 59c, 95c, $1.23 up
Steam Engines, 59c, 95c, $1.23 up.
Magic Lanterns, 34c, 59c, $1.49 up to $6.
Separate Lantern Slides, 50c 75c, 95c dozen.
Locomotive Hill Climbers, 50c and 95c.
Trolley Car Hill Climbers, 95c.
Automobile Hill Climbers, 95c.
Pianos, 25c, 59c, 95c, to $4.50.
Soldier Sets, 59c and 95c.
Woolly Dogs, 25c, 59c, 95c.
Elephants and Cats, 25c, 59c, 95c.
Harmless Pistols with Target, 49
Harmless Guns, 50c.
Best Air Guns, 75c.
French Tops, 10c, 25c.
Musical Top, 10c, 15c, 25c.
Cut-Up Puzzles from 25c
Carts of Building Blocks, 25c, 59c

One-Pound Boxes of Christmas Candies, all colors, for 10c. a lb.

VELOCIPEDES, TRICYCLES, DOLLS' GO-CARTS and CARRIAGES, BOYS' CLIPPERS, GIRLS' SLEIGHS, ROCKING HORSES, WAGONS and SULKIES, FIREMEN'S PATROLS, BUCKBOARDS, WHEELBARROWS, BABY SLEIGHS.

167 THAMES STREET,
COVELL'S BLOCK.

NOW IS THE TIME

YOUR HANDS CHAP, USE

Liquid Amandine,

The finest preparation known for chapped hands, roughness of the skin and all cutaneous affections.

FOR THAT OBSTINATE COUGH, TRY

EMULSION COD LIVER OIL WITH PEPSIN AND QUININE.

A long used and well known remedy for all affections of the lungs.
Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded.

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.,
212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.

Fine Wall Papers.

SPECIALTIES:

High-grade decorations, harmonizing with the most modern draperies and furnishings.

Moires, Grass Cloths.
Panel Borders,
Papers with Matched Cretonnes.
Veloutines, Tapestries, Damasks.
Quaint Friezes for Children's Rooms.
Varnished Tiles.
The most up-to-date line in America.

GEO. C. BARKER & SON,
93 SPRING STREET.

Christmas Wreaths and Holly.

We usual line and prices are ready. Has arrived, consisting of Fancy and Fancy Wreaths, Fancy Hearts, And so, Brackets and some elegant Rustic Wreaths, Lined and Plaques Fine Trimming, by the yard or bunch. Nice Holly, with the berries on.

Stocks, all kinds, for girls and boys, from 25c to $1.15. Shades for ladies and gents, from 25c to $1.50; worth double. Bosch Gauze Socks, for men, Leghorns, for 45c, 50c, 75c.

Leather Wallets, all sizes, from 25c to $2.50 each.

Also Ambrosia and Ambrosia Stands, from 50c to 75c each.

Coal Hods, Stoves, Stove Ares, Hatchets and all kinds of Hardware.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

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AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE.

Continuous High-Class Vaudeville Performances.
AMATEUR NIGHT EVERY FRIDAY.
Doors open 1:30 and 7 P. M.
Admission, 10c. and 15c.

Pocketbooks, Suitcases, Leather Goods.

Henry Biesel & Son,
256 & 258 Thames Street.

Coal vs. Pianos.

If you have money, you can't buy coal. But you can buy a piano.

If you have coal you will burn it up.

If you have one of our PIANOS you will praise it up. Your coal will fill the house with smoke, but your piano will fill your home with melody.

WE SELL PIANOS AND EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

JOHN ROGERS, 210 Thames S

GERMAN DOCUMENT PRESENTED.

Received by Venezuelan Captains After Their Ships Had Been Seized.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 16.—The governor of Margarita island reports that British and German warships are off that island.

Minister Bowen yesterday politely refused to have a monster parade pass before the United States legation. Every one here hopes that the arbitration proposed by Venezuela through Mr. Bowen and Washington will be granted.

When the combined fleets seized the Venezuelan ships at La Guayra the German commander delivered to the Venezuelan captains the following document:

"By order of my sovereign, and at the command of the commodore of the German squadron in West Indian waters, I, the commander of the Panther, request you to lower your ship's flag immediately, and leave your ship with your crew within 10 minutes. This is not a measure of war on the part of Germany, but only with the object of making a provisional seizure of your ship in order to oblige the Venezuelan government to recognize our just demands. In case you disobey and wish to defend your ship, I shall be obliged to prevent you from so doing by the discharge of arms.

"Eckerman,
Commander."

"December 10.

Further details of the sinking of the Venezuelan ships have been obtained from an entry made in the book of the signal men of the fortress of La Guayra. It is as follows:

"Tuesday, December 9, 1:30 night. The adjutant called me to see if I knew that steamer Retribution of the English navy was towing steamers Crespo and Totumo, of the national navy, three or four miles north. I had heard four cannon shots, and said the two steamers had disappeared and understood they had been sunk by the Vineta and Retribution. At the end of an hour the Retribution returned to the harbor alone.

"Signal commander of the fortress."

The fact that the Retribution returned to La Guayra alone two hours after leaving with the captured vessels was confirmed by English residents of La Guayra. Consequently she did not have time to conduct the Venezuelan ships to Curacoa or Trinidad.

LA GUAYRA BADLY FRIGHTENED.

Arrival of British Ships Almost Caused a Panic in the City.

LA GUAYRA, Venezuela, Dec. 16.—The arrival of British cruiser Charybdis and torpedo boat destroyer Quail here yesterday morning badly frightened the population of this place. The commander of the fortress visited the American, French, Spanish and Dutch consuls, and asked them, in case the British landed marines, to intervene to prevent firing on the fort and to delay any movement upon the fort, because he had received orders from the government to evacuate the place. The commander added that if the consuls refused to intervene, and the fort was attacked, he would defend his post and could not answer for the consequences to the town, which is without any defense now except a few armed policemen. At 6 o'clock, however, the Charybdis and Quail left La Guayra, and the fears of the populace subsided.

What caused most of the alarm was the fact that when the British ships arrived here they took up a commanding position, their guns covering the fort, and remained stationary for a few moments as if about to open fire. The people ashore seeing these movements commenced leaving their houses, and the government officials had great difficulty in preventing an exodus. But they eventually succeeded in calming the populace.

The Charybdis and the Quail steamed away in the direction of Caracas. The foreign consuls subsequently called on the prefect, who assured them there was no danger at present. He added that the commander of the fort had been needlessly excited, and had only succeeded in almost causing a panic. The prefect further assured the consuls that the commander of the fort was under the orders of General Ferrera, minister of war, who is in charge of the Venezuelan forces surrounding the town.

The consuls tried to find out if the prefect had received any message from the allies, but they were unsuccessful, for the Venezuelan official would not speak on the subject, though he promised to communicate with the consuls if necessary.

NOT AN ULTIMATUM.

Italian Note Simply Asked For Payment of Sums Due.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 15.—The Italian minister Rivas handed to the Venezuelan government only certain demands which were not in the form of an ultimatum, and which did not specify any limit of time for an answer. His note simply asked for payment of sums due to Italy, and in case of payment being made to other countries it asked for the same treatment.

The government answered today in the negative to the note of Minister Rivas, saying that tribunals exist in Venezuela to judge any claims arising from the revolutions.

The Associated Press correspondent is informed that the Italian minister has cabled to Rome for further instructions.

The correspondent called today at the Italian legation and saw Minister Rivas and his wife and two daughters with regard to the report that they had embarked on the Giovanni Bausan. They laughed and said: "We have never left P[illegible] of Caracas and much less embarked on the Italian cruiser at La Guayra."

There is no excitement among the people here against Italians, because as yet no Italian naval demonstration has taken place.

PORTSMOUTH.

(Regular correspondence of the News.)

The cars had to run on hour time Monday, on account of so many cars having been disabled during the storm. They are being repaired at the car barn as rapidly as possible, and the half-hour schedule will soon be resumed. Two cars were off the track in front of Mr. C. C. Chase's, two in front of Mr. W. H. Chace's and one at Island Park from Saturday evening until Sunday afternoon, and cars could only run between these points. On Ferry Neck the snow was so deep that it was on a level with the car windows, and as soon as a car passed the wind blew the snow from the banks into the tracks, making it necessary to keep constantly clearing them. Many incidents of the inconvenience and discomforts caused by the loss of electric conveyance are being related.

One lady living about five minutes' walk from the electric road started with her son, a lad of 12 years, to take the cars for Fall River, Saturday afternoon. Preferring walking to standing, and expecting every moment to take a car, they continued on until the Stone Bridge was reached, a distance of nearly two miles. Having a telephone in the house, they were luckily able to send word and have their driver meet them at the Bristol Ferry station, or they could not have reached home until Sunday. Another lady attempted to come home by electrics Saturday afternoon, but was obliged to walk from Tiverton, a distance of two and a half miles, a very hard task under ordinary conditions, but when the snow, rain and hail were considered it was not only difficult but dangerous.

An act of courtesy from a little boy of 10 or 11 years of age is deserving of mention. A little girl of seven, who had walked a mile to school, part of the way in company with the children who were so badly frozen Tuesday morning, felt afraid after the scene of the day to return, when the boy, who has not many spare pennies, gave her five cents to pay her fare on the cars, saying: "If it was sister Alice I should want somebody to do it for her."

Brannan's line as usual was level full of snow, taking nearly the whole day to clear it.

Mr. Reginald Vanderbilt was at Sandy Point farm Sunday, getting stalled in the drifts on the way out.

Saturday morning there were 25 vessels, schooners and others, between Seaconnet light and Sandy Point that had put in for harbor during the night. Twelve of them were three masters, one a four-master, and the others two-masters. They were all loaded, but one three master. A few went out through the day.

Messrs. P. F. Murphy and Frank Paquin were in Boston last week, where they purchased some very handsome team horses, bringing them home with them.

Mrs. A. F. Marvel furnishes the following weather statistics for the week ending Saturday, December 13: Highest temperature, 39 degrees, December 10 and 13; lowest, 6, December 9; average, 24; total rainfall, including snow reduced to water, .89 of an inch.

Nelson H. Russell died at his home on Glen road yesterday, after an illness of several months' duration. He leaves a wife but no children. Mr. Russell was born in Wareham, Mass., and spent his early manhood there, coming to this town about 20 years ago. He married Mary L., daughter of John and Elizabeth Coggeshall. Mr. Russell engaged in the farming business on the farm on Glen road inherited by his wife. A brother, Bradford Russell of Wareham, and a sister, who now lives in California, survive.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Maxwell Norman has sailed for Europe.

—Mr. H. F. Eldridge has returned from North Carolina.

—The State House clock was in mourning last night, and to tell the time was impossible.

—The papers to be read before the Unity Club this evening will be on art, and postage stamp issues.

—Mr. R. D. Langley, formerly of this city, has been appointed electrical inspector of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters.

—There were many lively "brushes" yesterday by owners and drivers of horses on Bellevue avenue, among the participants being Mr. Reginald C. Vanderbilt and his fiancee, Miss Kathleen Neilson.

—The condition of Officer John S. Tobin, who was threatened with pneumonia, has so far improved that it is monia, was so far improved that it is quite certain he will escape that disease.

—Rev. J. C. Hyde, pastor of the Second Baptist Church, and Mrs. Hyde gave a reception at the parsonage this afternoon for the members of the congregation.

—W. N. Shoff, F. L. Cobb, G. W. Bartholomew, P. J. Geaney, W. C. Shute and D. Marks of Boston, T. F. Thompson of Providence and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Pascoe of Easton, Penn., are registered at the Perry House.

—Tonight a basket ball game will be played at the Reserves Armory between a picked team from the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium and the Second team of the Reserves, the game to begin at 8:15.

—The St. Andrew's Society, which annually observes the birthday of Scotlands bard, "Robby" Burns, will this year hold the Burns day ball Friday, January 23. The anniversary is January 25, which falls on Sunday.

—Yesterday the Christmas trade began in earnest along Thames street, the snowstorm of Saturday night having apparently caused people to give up shopping and get down to buying. The weather favored, and the streets and stores presented a lively appearance.

—A draft of 50 boys left the Training Station for New York last night.

—A schooner with 300 tons of hard coal for Fort Adams and Fort Greble is on its way, and is expected any day. The arrival of this cargo will relieve the strain on Newport.

—Among the nominations confirmed by the Senate yesterday was that of Colonel H. C. Hasbrouck, artillery corps, to be a brigadier general in the United States army. Brigadier General Hasbrouck retires after 40 years' service including active participation in the civil war.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and a pleasant for one ready to use. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists, by mail 25cts. and 50cts. Buy it today. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 293, Le Roy, N. Y.

TO IDENTIFY A TROTTING HORSE.

Canadian Lawyer and Trainer on Their Way to Russia.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—A. M. Kerby, a lawyer of Windsor, Canada, and J. Cunningham, a trainer employed by him, have sailed on steamship Deutschland on their way to Russia, where they will be expected to identify a trotting horse which the authorities suspect has been raced under a false name. The horse has been raced as "Russian Boy," but it is charged that he is really William C. K., an animal formerly owned by Mr. Kerby, and sold at one of the Madison Square Garden sales in 1899 to a party of foreigners, who said they intended taking him to Austria.

William C. K. was an iron gray horse, standing nearly 16 hands and resembling in many points Russian-bred trotters. He is by Pilot Medium-Cora Russell and was bred in Michigan and in Mr. Kirby's hands made a mark of 2:12. The Russian government has sent for Mr. Kirby and trainer, paying all their expenses to Russia and back, for the purpose of completing or disproving the identification of Russian Boy as William C. K. As Russian Boy the horse has won a number of stakes of importance, including the Czar's prize of $25,000 for Russian-bred horses.

DECK HAND DROWNED.

Supposed He Fell Off Boston Ferry-Boat General Sumner.

BOSTON, Dec 16.—Patrick Haley, a deck hand, was found in the water at Battery March street today. It is supposed that he fell or slipped off ferryboat General Sumner, which left the North ferry at 3:10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Haley, who was 40 years of age and unmarried, had been employed on the General Sumner for a number of years. He lived in East Boston.

Flagship New York to Leave for Santa Barbara.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 16.—Flagship New York, flying the pennant of Rear Admiral Casey, will leave port tomorrow for Santa Barbara, and will remain there until after Christmas. The departure of the New York will leave this harbor without a warship, but Admiral Casey expects to return here in about three weeks.

Death of Judge Alexander Martin Dean.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Dec. 16.—Judge Alexander Martin Dean of the law department of the Missouri University died last night of paralysis of the heart. He was a graduate of the University of Michigan and Harvard College, and had a wide reputation as an authority on law, having written many law books.

Old Man Burned to Death.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Dec. 16.—Robert F. Owen's block, composed of stores and flats, was badly damaged by fire today. Peter Fury, aged 80 years, was burned to death. Robert F. Owens and W. H. Robbins were painfully burned. The total loss from fire and water is $10,000; covered by insurance.

PROMOTION OF REVENUE CUTTER OFFICERS.

Among the recent promotions in the revenue cutter service, the following are of local interest:

First Lieutenant Charles C. Fengar, to be a captain in the revenue cutter service of the United States, to succeed William H. Hand, retired. Mr. Fengar is now serving under a temporary commission issued during the recess of the Senate.

First Lieutenant Orin D. Myrick, to be a captain in the revenue cutter service of the United States, in place of William J. Herring, deceased. Mr. Myrick is now serving under a temporary commission issued during the recess of the Senate.

First Lieutenant Worth G. Ross, to be a captain in the revenue cutter service of the United States, to succeed Albert Buhner, retired. Mr. Ross is now serving under a temporary commission issued during a recess of the Senate.

Joseph M. Simms, to be a captain in the revenue cutter service of the United States on the permanent waiting orders list, in accordance with the act of Congress approved June 30, 1902. The pay of the said Joseph M. Simms under this appointment shall not be above that of a first lieutenant on the retired list in said service, to wit, $1,800. Mr. Simms is now serving under a temporary commission issued during the recess of the Senate.

Second Lieutenant Samuel B. Winram, to be a first lieutenant in the revenue cutter service of the United States, to succeed W. G. Ross, promoted.

Third Lieutenant Benjamin L. Brockway, to be a second lieutenant in the revenue cutter service of the United States, to succeed S. B. Winram, promoted.

Third Lieutenant Harold D. Hinckley, to be a second lieutenant in the revenue cutter service of the United States, to succeed Francis A. Levis, promoted. Mr. Hinckley is now serving under a temporary commission issued during the recess of the Senate.

Second Lieutenant Francis S. Van Boskerck, Jr., to be a first lieutenant in the revenue cutter service of the United States, to succeed John V. Wild, promoted. Mr. Van Boskerck is now serving under a temporary commission issued during the recess of the Senate.

MILLINERY.

Untrimmed Hats

That were $1.50, now selling at

75 cents.

M. E. TOBIN,
46 & 48 Washington Square.

Notice.

My store will be closed Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 6 o'clock until further notice.

C. H. KIRBY,
MILLINERY.
86 BROADWAY.

Run Down

weak, nervous, exhausted, all out of sorts. Overworked nerves are always irritable and restless. The eyelids twitch, the stomach rebels, the brain is fogged, and the heart is unsteady. Stop the waste of nerve-force. Stimulate digestion, strengthen the nerves, and replenish the vital power.

"Failing strength had reduced my vitality; grip brought on bronchitis and nervous prostration, and I suffered from dizzy spells, nervousness, confusion of the mind and palpitation of the heart. Dr. Miles' Nervine and Pills worked a complete cure."
MRS. J. E. HARWELL, East Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is a perfect restorative for the weak, the tired, the feeble and the run-down.

Sold by druggists on guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart Ind.

FOR A LARGE TRACT OF LAND.

English Syndicate Negotiating With Ontario Government.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—According to the London correspondent of the Tribune, negotiations are still pending by an English syndicate for acquisition from the Ontario government of a concession for a large tract of land on terms similar to those offered an American syndicate for a tract of 2,000,000 acres. It is asserted that the English syndicate has ample financial resources and is displaying zeal and interest in working out an immigration scheme of exceptional magnitude.

TOTAL LOSS $75,000.

Fire Destroys Six-Story Building and Damages Another in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Fire early today destroyed the six-story building at 329-333 Canal street, occupied by Murray & Co., makers of tents and awnings. The warehouse of the Alfred Peats Company, which adjoins the Murray building, caught fire also. It is estimated that the loss to Murray & Co. will aggregate $50,000, and that to the Peats company about $10,000. The total loss probably will reach $75,000.

TWO OLD FLOUR MILLS FOUND.

Wheat Grown in Alaska by Russians a Century Ago.

TACOMA, Wash., Dec. 16.—That wheat was grown in Alaska by the Russians a century ago is proven by the discovery of two old flour mills built by the subjects of the Czar. One of these has been discovered on Wood Island, in southeastern Alaska, and the other in the interior. The former mill has just been investigated by R. B. Taylor of the Smithsonian Institution. He says the old flour mill was built by the Russians early in the last century.

BOOTS AND SHOES

$4,000 GIVEN AWAY.

The makers of the Dorothy Dodd Shoe offer 43 Cash Prizes.

1st PRIZE $500.00
$250.00, $100.00, ETC., ETC.

To the wearers of this shoe. You can learn all about it by reading a Pair of "Dorothy Dodds" shoes and write out your answers telling in the simplest way, why they are superior to all others. The prizes are to be awarded for the best answers. Ladies' shoes in the popular Oxfords. Sizes and further particulars. Date positively closes December 31.

GEO. H. POPPLE,
132 Thames St., Branch 78 Broadway.
SOLE AGENT FOR NEWPORT.

Skating Shoes

—AT—

The T. Mumford Seabury Co's.

The Mizpah

$3 Box Calf ENAMEL Shoe

For women, have the dressy appearance of patent leather together with the wearing qualities of box calf.

NORMAN, 36 Broadway.

A TORTURED SOLE

Should find instant relief in our easy foot wear. An ideal sole, our shoe adapts itself pliably to what it covers, slips on and off readily, gives the foot a firm support, and is cooled by its coldness. Make your walking so many steps a pleasure by wearing our shoes which will have three things in them, comfort, feet and leather.

Armory Shoe Store, 377 Thames street.

Joseph Martin, Proprietor.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

The Celebrated

Eutopian and Henri Dix POTTERY

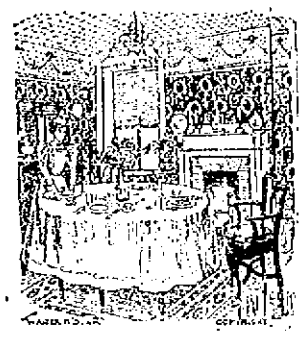
Can be purchased at

J. W. HORTON & CO'S,

42 CHURCH STREET.

—ALSO—

A fine line of Furniture such as Chairs, Desks, Tables, Stands, Tea Trays, Card and Tea Tables, etc., suitable for Xmas Gifts.



WALL PAPER.

Cheerfulness in your home is next to godliness. Pretty, bright and artistic wall papers will do much toward this end. You can have your choice in great variety of patterns from 5c. per roll, upward.

JOSEPH GRAHAM,
MAYER BLOCK, SPRING STREET.

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves.

100 STOVES,

From $3 to $30, ready to set up at an instant's notice.

Oil Heaters only $4.

FURNACE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Send orders at once.

J. F. Marden

328 THAMES STREET.

HOLIDAY GLOVES and HANDKERCHIEFS.

We always make a special feature of our handkerchief line at Christmas. Nothing but fine linen goods and the very best embroidery. Ladies' and Men's Initial and Children's Fancy Handkerchiefs from 12½c. up

Our Kid Gloves are well known for their excellent quality.

We enclose each pair in a handsome glove box free of charge.

This is the place to buy your Christmas presents and receive your ticket on the $75 in gold to be given away December 31.

A ticket on the $75 in gold with every 25c. worth purchased.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

204 THAMES STREET.

LADIES' TAILORING AND DRESSMAKING.

Perfect fitting guaranteed, with satisfactory prices.

158½ Thames Street.

OPPOSITE THE BOSTON STORE

Wilmarth,

Has re-opened for the season with a full line of

New Awning Stripes.

174 BELLEVUE AVENUE

Telephone.

Telephone 68.

FOR A XMAS PHOTO

For that new Ticket.

Sittings by appointment ONLY. Kindrisski Studio, Over Hart's Bookstore.

Dennis Shanahan,

HAY AND GRAIN.

AGENT FOR H. O. HORSE AND DAIRY FEEDS OF ALL KINDS.

COMMERCIAL WHARF.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

TO THE MEDITERRANEAN

FROM BOSTON DIRECT TO AZORES, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, ALEXANDRIA, Egypt.

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COMMONWEALTH, Jan. 3, Feb. 11, Mar. 28.
VANCOUVER, Jan. 20, Feb. 21.
NEW ENGLAND, Jan. 17, Feb. 28.
CAMBROMAN, Jan. 31, Mar. 11.

Send for rates and illustrated booklet.

Boston to Queenstown and Liverpool.

Sailing Jan. 17, 1 P. M.

Saloon, $45 and upwards. 2d Class at low rates. For sailings, plans, rates, address DOMINION LINE, Boston, or R. L. Greene, 202 Thames St., Newport, or M. S. Holm, 174 Thames St., Newport.

M. S. HOLM,

AGENT FOR

White Star, Anchor and Dominion Line Atlantic Steamers.

Drafts on the Old Country for Sale.
Also agent for Pitt & Scott's Foreign Express.
Parcels, packages received and forwarded to any part of the WORLD.

186 THAMES STREET.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.

—FROM—

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday.
(Freight Only.)

At 5 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. R. KING, Agt. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., or to A. L. BONHARTZ, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

F. P. WING, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.
H. J. JERNEGAN, Gen'l Freight Agent.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

FOR SALE,

A FEW DESIRABLE COTTAGES, BROADWAY AND VICINITY.
FINE LOTS ON BROADWAY AND ELLIOTT PLACE.

Wm. C. Elliott, 507 Broadway.

For Rent.

Desirable Stores and Offices in Audrain Building, Bellevue Avenue.

For Particulars, Diagrams, etc., Apply to

DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
SOLE AGENTS.
NEWPORT. NEW YORK.

FOR RENT.

Small tenement, near Postoffice; 4 rooms, rent $9.
Cottage of 6 rooms, modern improvements; will be rented furnished or unfurnished. Inquire rent $7.

WM. LOFTUS,
224 Spring Street.

$3,400.00

is the price asked for a 10-room modern dwelling. Rents for $350.00 per year.

J. F. J. O'CONNOR,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT.
32 Franklin Street.

FOR SALE.

Cottage in a fine location on Broadway.

Two-tenement house on Elm street.

Building sites for sale on Brooks avenue, Bliss road and Whitwell avenue; some as cheap as 10c. per ft.

APPLY TO

W. S. COOPER, 62 Mill St.

Office open evenings.

A Good Investment

For sale—A centrally-located tenement house which rents for $384 annually, which would make a good paying investment to early purchaser.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO

W. G. WARD, JR.,
169 THAMES ST. Telephone 48.

For Sale

AT A BARGAIN,

A 9-ROOM COTTAGE

With modern improvements, about 33,000 sq. ft. of land. Price $3,500. Only a small portion required in cash, balance may remain on mortgage.

C. T. KNOWLES,
Bay View House,
Jamestown, R. I.

FIRE LIFE INSURANCE. ACCIDENT PLATE GLASS

POLICIES

Written at lowest rates in reliable companies

—BY—

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT

223½ THAMES STREET.

The Time is Near

When you will want your fly screens taken off, will take them off and repair them, give them a coat of dress, replacing them as good as new, and will store them for a very small sum.

Walter Dring, Agent

For Fly Screens, Metal Ceilings, Storm Sash, Metal Lathing, Parquet Floors, etc.
WORKSHOP, CHURCH STREET.
RESIDENCE, CALVERT STREET.
Telephone 416-4.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

Prov., Fall River & Newport Steamboat Co.

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days only, 8 A. M. Leave Providence for Newport, week days only, 4 P. M.

Excursion Tickets to Providence and Return

60 cents.

Stop at Prudence Mondays and Saturdays only. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only.

D. BUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

Old Colony Street Railway Company.
Newport and Fall River Division.
TIME TABLE.
In effect on and after October 20.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Newport—7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15.
Leave Fall River—6:30, 6:45, 7:45, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15.

SATURDAYS.

Leave Newport—7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15.
Leave Fall River—6:30, 6:45, 7:45, 8:15, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Newport—7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15.
Leave Fall River—7:15, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 a. m.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 6:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15.

a To Portsmouth and return.
b To Portsmouth only.

For Block Island.

Steamer G. W. Danielson leaves Commercial wharf, Newport, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1 P. M., weather permitting.

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co

From Ferry Wharf, foot of Mill St.
ON AND AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1902,
Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10:00, (U. S. Mail); 11:00 A. M.; 12:00, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 P. M.
Leave Newport—6:15, 9:00, 10:30, (U. S. Mail) A. M.; 12:00 M.; 1:00, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 5:30, 6:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown—9:30 A. M.; 12:30, 4:00 P. M.
Leave Newport—10:00 A. M.; 1:00, 4:30 P. M.
Subject to change without notice.

Newport & Wickford

Railroad and Steamboat Co.
"THE WICKFORD ROUTE."

IN EFFECT NOV. 1, 1902.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	*10:00	*1:15	*4:05	*7:30
Providence, arr.,	11:50	3:18	6:50	9:51
Boston, arr.,	1:18	4:50	7:00	10:01
New York, arr.,	4:29	6:23	11:00	B
LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
New York,	*12:02	*3:00	*10:02	*1:02
Boston,		10:03	1:03	5:00
Providence,		11:12	2:12	6:15
Newport, arr.,	6:35	1:00	4:00	6:20
	A M	P M	P M	P M

* Daily except Sundays.

B Washington Express due Harlem River station, New York, 1:50 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:29 A. M.; Washington, 10:29 A. M.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 50 Bellevue avenue.

A. D. McLEOD, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill-Top Cottages.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NASON COTTAGE,
26 MILL STREET.

A home-like and comfortable place for board, permanent and transient.
Telephone 348-4. GEO. NASON, Proprietor.

CLOTHING.

Astrachans,
Montagnacs,
Homespuns,
Vicunas,
Lamb's Wool,
Imperials,
for Winter Overcoats always found at my shop, which is 244 Thames Street.
Edward Otto.

Liveries.

We make to order, at short notice, all styles of liveries and uniforms.

Neil McLennan,

TAILOR AND OUTFITTER,
268 Thames St., U. S. Hotel Building.

EASTON FARM,

Middletown, R. I.
Established 1840.

Pure Milk and Cream.

No Formaldehyde, Salycilic or Boracic Acid, or any other preservative used to prevent the milk from souring.
Address Farm or Box 114, Newport, R. I.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlboro street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a girl to do chamber work or plain sewing; or assist with house work. Call or address at Mrs. Larcom's, 30 Edward street.

WANTED—Situation as good cook (colored), or chambermaid and laundress. 16 Pelham street.

WANTED—Position by experienced waitress, who can take charge of gentleman's place, in private family. Best of references. Address Box 8, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Plain sewing to do at home; plain work a specialty. Terms reasonable. Apply at 35 Bellevue.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A young man in office. Permanent position. Box 19, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Refer required. Apply at 15 Gibbs avenue.

WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework in a family of two; must give references. Call or Mrs. H. P. Perrill, Torpedo Office.

WANTED—Woman for general housework; family of two adults. Must have references. Call 9 to 6 o'clock, at 28 Kay street.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; references required. Apply at 292 Broadway.

MOLER'S BARBER SCHOOL, NEW YORK CITY. More students wanted. Special rates now. Eight weeks completes. Wages Saturdays. Diplomas awarded. Positions positively guaranteed when through. Write for catalogue.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A male Boston terrier; dark brindle, white markings, screw tail, long ears. Answers to name of "Walter." Owner's name on collar. A liberal reward if returned to Norman Whitney, 160 Thames street.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Lower tenement in new house, first of Friendship street, near Broadway. All modern improvements; hot water heat. Apply at 8 Friendship street.

TO LET—After December 15, an upper tenement at 26 North Newport avenue. Rent $15 per month. Apply at 13 Bay View avenue.

TO LET—Pleasantly furnished room, in central locality, with use of bath room. Hot water heat. Address Box 10, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Nice, warm, comfortable rooms, in private family. All modern conveniences. Telephone. Address Box 59, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Cottage on Whitehall street, owned by J. A. Barker. All modern improvements. Possession given December 1.

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PROMOTION OF WARRANT OFFICERS.

Representative Bull's Bill, Introduced in the House, Expected to Prove a Popular Measure.

[Special correspondence of the News.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Representative Bull of Rhode Island has introduced a bill in the House for the promotion of warrant officers, which is somewhat in advance of the recommendations of the Secretary of the Navy, and will doubtless prove a very popular measure.

Secretary Moody recommends that 12, instead of six, warrant officers shall be eligible for appointment as ensigns each year. Congressman Bull adopts this suggestion of Secretary Moody in his bill, and adds another section, which provides that chief boatswains and chief gunners, and boatswains, gunners and warrant machinists under the age of 40 years, shall, within 30 days after the passage of the act, if they elect, be appointed acting ensigns, and after serving a probationary period of two years they shall, if they pass a satisfactory examination, be given permanent appointment as ensigns in line of promotion.

If this provision becomes a law it will probably result in about 60 ensigns being appointed, and will go a long distance toward filling the present demands of the service in the matter of the shortage of commissioned officers. In other words, it will take at least four years to get commissioned officers from the Naval Academy, while these appointments would give to the service at least 60 well-informed men, who have spent from 15 to 25 years in the naval service, and are entirely familiar with its requirements. These men would represent the class of officers who have risen from the ranks.

Nothing would be more popular than to see this number of men from the ranks elevated to the high grade of officers in the naval service, and under no circumstances could the navy obtain a better or more deserving class of officers.

It is not known how this bill will be received at the Navy Department, but, in view of the President's expressions in his message that men from the ranks should be promoted, and in view of his further statement that the navy is at this time short of at least 150 officers, it would seem the best policy to draw on the non-commissioned force for such officers as could fill satisfactorily some of the positions which cannot otherwise be filled until candidates are sent through the Naval Academy.

Lord.

GRADED SCHOOLS IN RURAL DISTRICTS.

[Frank Nelson, in Review of Reviews.]

For some years there has been a great deal of discussion on the subject of graded schools for rural and village communities. While the cities have been perfecting the organization of their graded school systems, the villages and rural districts have been unable to make much advancement along this line. One, or even two, teachers cannot carry on a well-graded school on account of the large number of classes which thorough gradation makes necessary. It is almost a physical impossibility for one or two teachers to conduct the large number of classes made necessary by dividing the school into right separate grades.

Under our present educational system, it has become necessary for the farmer to leave the farm and move into the city to secure the advantages for his children of graded schools. The problem for our rural communities is how best to secure the benefits of a graded school system so as to enable the farmer to give his children instruction in the higher branches of learning without being obliged to leave the farm. It is found that many farmers are not able, or do not find it desirable, to change their place of residence, and consequently the larger educational privileges are limited to a very few of the boys and girls upon the farm.

It is thought that the consolidation of rural schools will solve the problem. This plan of school organization contemplates the disorganization of small districts and uniting them into one good, strong, well-graded school. Consolidation can, in some cases, be made with adjoining rural schools, and in others with the schools of a village, where, in many cases, the nucleus of a graded school exists.

The statutes in most states have been framed to meet the needs of a one room school district, and before the change to a consolidated school could be made existing laws had to be amended. Legislative bodies move slowly, especially in school affairs; but, after years of persistent effort, the leaders of educational thought have at last succeeded in making some impression in school legislation, and our lawmakers are beginning to realize that the education of our youth is a state and not a local matter. Consolidation is today proving a success in a great many of the states of the Union, notably Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska and Kansas.

DESCRIPTION OF LA GUAYRA.

The present state of Venezuelan affairs in connection with the attempt on the part of England and Germany to force the immediate payment of certain financial obligations, and the fact that this country is more or less concerned in these events through the application of the Monroe doctrine to possible complications of the situation, has aroused general interest to such an extent that a description of the natural and artificial characteristics of that portion of the country near the scene of operations may be of interest.

Near La Guayra, the port of entry to Caracas, the coast is high and rugged, the mountains rising nearly perpendicular, their bases washed by the blue waters of the Caribbean sea, their summits capped by huge masses of billowy clouds. The town of La Guayra is on the eastern side of a small bay, the natural outlines of which have been extended and improved by means of a stone breakwater and quay, which stretches due west from the eastern extremity of the bay.

The buildings of the town are mostly one story in height, built of sun-dried brick, plastered outside and painted white or light yellow, and the roofs are of red, sun-baked tiles. Back of the town, to the south and east, rise the steep mountain sides, on a spur of which stands the little fortification of Laverida, which is reached by a narrow path partly hewn out of the solid rock.

This fort is practically the sole defense of the town, and, as a defense, is of little or no value, as its guns are old and its walls of such a nature that they would rapidly crumble under a well-directed fire of modern rifles. A landing, therefore, could be easily made even against strong opposition when affected under cover of warships, which, on account of the great depth of water well in shore, can stand close in.

On the southern side of the bay the mountains recede from the shore, forming, on the west, a somewhat extensive and very fertile area of flat land. East of La Guayra the mountain bases are nearer the shore, with here and there a small patch of land sufficiently level to admit of cultivation. A short and very primitive railroad runs along the shore close to the water, to the little watering place called Macuto, a distance of about four miles from La Guayra.

The distance from La Guayra to Caracas in an air line is seven miles, but owing to the elevation of the latter city (3,000 feet), the distance by rail is about 25 miles. The railroad is the property of an English syndicate and was opened for traffic in 1883. It is well constructed, and required great engineering skill to surmount the natural difficulties of the route.

From La Guayra the road runs west through the little suburb of Cardonal, and then, turning south and east, it ascends, by means of a steel viaduct, to its artificial ledge on the side of the mountains, and thereafter follows the twists and turns of their precipitous sides, passing through three or four short tunnels and over eighteen steel bridges, ascending 3,200 feet in a distance of 22 miles and then descending 200 feet into the valley of the Guayra river, in which Caracas is situated. The nature of the country along this route is such that a comparatively small number of men could successfully oppose a vastly superior invading force.

LEMON JUICE A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

[New York Herald.]

The idea of treating rheumatism with lemon juice appears to have had its rise in Germany. The method consists in swallowing the juice of one lemon on the first day, of two on the second day, and so on progressive up to 25 lemons. When this limit is reached the number of lemons is progressively diminished.

M. Desplats of Lille has recently adopted this treatment with some of his patients who suffered from articular rheumatism. In one case the patient was able to drop the treatment at three lemons. In another he succeeded in effecting a cure at 25 lemons so complete and so persistent that at the end of ten months the patient had not once had an attack, whereas previously he had suffered periodically every month. The third case was one of ankylosis, so bad that the patient could not dress himself without help. Today he has almost entirely recovered the use of his limbs, and is free from pain.

M. Desplats has also tried this mode of treatment on a patient suffering from attacks of rheumatism accompanied by disease of the heart, for which all means adopted had proved merely palliative. After a few days the patient experienced a manifest relief of the articular symptoms, but he also experienced pain in the upper right side of the thorax, the pain being extremely great and tenacious. In another case there was the same improvement, though in a less marked degree, and the pain in the thorax made its appearance at the end of the treatment. A third case gave the same results. Another patient suffering from rheumatism that had proved refractory to salicylate and to thyroid when treated with citric acid in doses of from two to ten grammes daily improved considerably. Whatever interpretation may be placed on the action of lemons in general and citric acid in particular, these results are, beyond question, interesting in chronicle.

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NARRAGANSETT BAY COAL DEPOT

Storage Capacity to be Increased to 40,000 Tons, by Suggestion of Representative Bull.

[Special correspondence of the News.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—In response to the suggestion of Representative Bull for an increase in the storage capacity of coal for the Narragansett Bay coal depot, Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment of the Navy Department, has recommended to the department that the storage capacity of the present design, namely, 10,000 tons, be quadrupled. The general board considers that a much larger capacity than this is necessary. Mr. Bull is, however, pleased to be assured that the capacity of the depot will probably be increased to that recommended by Rear Admiral Bradford.

Lord.

TRAILING THE GROUSE.

[Edgar Fowler, in Outing.]

A form of grouse shooting for which I confess a weakness is still-hunting, or trailing the birds on the snow. When a new snow falls the woods are like so much clean paper, and the furry and feathered folk are so many unintentional scribblers. Here a woodmouse dotted along, dragging his tail; yonder a hare passed at speed, scared by the red rascal that made these dog-like tracks. Small triangles show where squirrels have traveled from nest to storehouse, and larger triangles betray where the cottontails held conference until a soundless-winged owl broke up the meeting.

And here, amid the tan-leaved dwarf beeches is something. Oho! The very sight of it makes you grasp the gun tighter, and you begin to peer ahead and to breathe a bit faster. Those trim prints running yonder in fine line were made by a grouse. Careful, now—it's fresh as—Look! Did you not see that brown thing dart from the stump to that tuft of dried fern and brush? Steady, now! he must be right there before you, and he'll go straight away to—

"Whurr-r-r!"—almost behind you.

"Why, how the dev"—? Bing!—Bang!

Good boy! The first load's in that maple 15 yards from your nose, but the quick second did the business. As to how the—ahem! he got almost behind you when you had seen him directly in front—that's a way he has.

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To any part of the city. This is nice, clean wood and will please you; the barrels are large and filled full. If you want the wood not split up you can have it at same price. I will deliver you a cord of slabs 4 feet long, for $6.

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FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16, Wall Street—The stock market opened irregular, with Amalgamated Copper at 65½, Atchison 80½, Atchison preferred 97½, Baltimore & Ohio 94½, Canadian Pacific 126, Chesapeake & Ohio 45, Colorado Southern, second preferred, 40½, Erie 31, Erie first preferred 62½, Louisville 115¾, Manhattan 144½, Missouri Pacific 102¾, New York Central 150½, Norfolk & Western 69, Ontario & Western 27½, Pennsylvania 152½, Reading 57⅞, Rock Island 37, St. Paul 198½, Sugar 120½, Southern 30, Southern Pacific 68⅞, Texas Pacific 38, Union Pacific 96½, United States Steel 31½, United States Steel preferred 91.

10—Prices advanced at the opening in response to the protective measures adopted yesterday by the bankers for the money market. Stocks which were most depressed yesterday showed the largest recoveries. Southern Pacific rose ⅝ and Manhattan ⅞. There were some declines, the most conspicuous of which were in St. Paul and Louisville. The market showed some hesitancy after the opening, some of the advances being partly lost, but some of the losses were also recovered. The market was quite broad and active but the conditions were generally small.

11—Declines became confused and a drooping tendency developed in the Pacifics, Atchison, the coalers and the Pennsylvania group. On the other hand St. Paul, Sugar, Manhattan and Amalgamated made upward progress, and the buying of these leaders eventually rallied the entire market. At the top level St. Paul, Southern Pacific, Pennsylvania and Amalgamated ruled about a point above yesterday's close and Sugar was 2¾ above. Hocking Valley preferred, Rock Island preferred, Chicago & Alton, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Chicago Great Western, New York, Chicago & St. Louis, Cleveland C. C. & St. Louis, Consolidated Gas and some obscure specialties gained 1 to 2 points, while Virginia-Carolina Chemical preferred lost 3, American Express 5¾, and several minor railroad stocks a point. Noon—Money on call, easier, at 6 @ ½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent; sterling exchange, fairly steady at $4.86.75 @ $4.87 for demand and at $4.83.25 @ $4.83.50 for 60 day bills; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.82¾ @ 3; bar silver, 48⅝; Mexican dollars, 37½; government bonds, steady. The market fluctuated narrowly and was dull, but maintained a firm undertone with the six per cent money rate. Prices were at the highest at noon. American Express rallied 3¾, Northwestern rose 3, and one to two point gains were made in addition by New York Central, Louisville, Illinois Central, St. Paul preferred, Baltimore & Ohio preferred, Consolidated Gas and Locomotive preferred. Bonds were irregular.

[Furnished by E. L. Doucette & Co.]

New York, Dec. 16.

	Closing.
Am. Car F. Com.	32¾
Am. Sugar Com.	121¾
Amalgamated	66⅝
Am. Loc. Com.	28
Am. Grass Twine	28½
Am. Loc. Pfd.	92
Am. Ice Com.	10
Am. Ice Pfd.	36⅞
Am., Smltg. Pfd.	90
Anaconda	8⅝
Atchison Com.	79¾
Atchison Pfd.	98¾
Balto. & O. Com.	95
Bklyn. Rapid Tr.	61¾
Canadian Pac.	126⅝
Ches. & Ohio	45
Chi. Gt. West.	27⅞
Chi. Term. Com.	15¼
Chi. Alton Com.	41½
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	187¾
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	37⅞
Chi., R. I. & Pac. Pfd.	79⅝
C., C., C. & St. L.	93¾
Col. Fuel & I.	76
Consolidated Gas	209½
Col. Southern	36
Col. Southern 2d	40¾
Con. Tob. 4s	82¾
Del. & Hudson	157½
Den. R. G. Com.	37
Den. R. G. Pfd.	98¾
Evans. & T. H.	63⅝
Erie Com.	31¾
Erie 1st	62⅝
Erie 2d	43½
Hock Valley Com.	89
Hock Valley Pfd.	96
Iowa Cen. Com.	38
Ill. Central	140¾
Louis. & Nash.	119⅝
Manhattan Com.	163¾
Met. Traction	137
Met. Securities	118¾
Mex. Cen.	30⅝
Missouri Pac.	102
Minn. & S. S. M.	88¾
M. K. T. Co.	23¾
Mo., K. & T. Pfd.	63
Nat. Lead Co.	15
N. Y. Central	150¾
Norf. & Westn.	68
North. Am.	110
Ont. & Westn.	27¾
Penna. R. R.	152¾
Peo. Gas. (Chgo).	100¼
Pressed Steel	37½
Pressed Steel Pfd.	80½
Reading Com.	37¾
Reading 1st Pfd.	74
Rep. I. & S. Com.	38½
Rep. I. & S. Pfd.	76
Southern Pac.	59
St. L. & S. F. Co.	66¾
St. L. & S. F. Pfd.	86¾
Southern Ry. Com.	30⅝
Southern Ry. Pfd.	91
St. L. & S. W. Pfd.	58
Tenn. Coal & Iron	54¾
Texas Pacific	39
Union Pac. Com.	95⅝
Union Pac. Pfd.	91
U. S. Leather Com.	11¾
U. S. Leather Pfd.	88¾
U. S. Steel Com.	31½
U. S. Steel Pfd.	81
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If you can't get coal, buy WOOD. We have a splendid quality of

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Which will keep the house warm and comfortable.

Perry Bros. Coal Co.

WOMEN AT THE GYMNASIUM.

Mr. Burdick's Class, Meeting Twice a Week, Believed to be Developing Record-Breakers.

It may not be generally known outside the Association, but Mr. Burdick, instructor at the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium, has an enthusiastic class of about 30 young women, meeting every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Their work includes both athletics and gymnastics—dumbbell, Indian club, single-stick and wand drills, and work on the apparatus, as well as exercises in various athletic events and games.

Mr. Burdick is somewhat chary of information on the subject, but, when the class is mentioned, assumes the knowing look and quiet smile of one who could a tale unfold. In fact, circumstances are so suspicious as to be alarming. The class has met in secret practice from the very start. This fact, together with Mr. Burdick's exasperating reticence, seems to warrant the conclusion that the instructor is developing some record breakers among the fair athletes. It may be that at the end of the season, when statistics are published and comparisons are instituted, the young women may be found entitled to wear the wreaths of laurel, and the boys be left to hang their harps among the willows and don sackcloth and ashes. The boys must stand by their guns and battle manfully for the honor of their sex. Let them exert every effort, for their enemy fights under cover, while they are in the open, and defeat and disgrace seem hovering over them.

PROGRESS OF MR. VANDERBILT'S DISEASE.

All indications last night pointed to the recovery of Cornelius Vanderbilt. Alarming rumors were circulated during the day that he was rapidly sinking, that his heart was too weak to withstand the ravages of the fever, and statements, purporting to come from Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., earlier in the day, gave a very serious aspect to the case.

At 11:45 last night Dr. Flint drove to the house. When he came out he was smiling, and said he had not awakened his patient, who was apparently doing as well as could be expected. The physician was not in the house more than five minutes.

Half a dozen callers who were at the Vanderbilt house during the evening came away smiling and chatting, and apparently not at all alarmed about Mr. Vanderbilt's condition. These callers were all close friends of the family. One of them said: "Mr. Vanderbilt is coming along beautifully. Of course, he is still pretty weak, but that is to be expected. He is going to pull through all right. He will be up playing with the children in a very short time, if he does not get an unexpected setback."

HELEN KELLER AT A SCULPTURE EXHIBITION.

[Boston Transcript.]

Miss Helen Keller recently visited the exhibition of Bela L. Pratt's sculptures at the St. Botolph Club gallaries, Newbury street. She takes much interest in sculpture, and occasionally pays a visit to the Museum of Fine Arts to examine the statuary. By passing her hands lightly over the surfaces of a statue, statuette, bust or relief, she is able to conceive a very just idea of its plastic qualities, and it is even possible that she obtains an impression of the forms which is more exact, delicate and subtle than that of most persons who can see. She was evidently deeply interested and much pleased, and it was a most wonderful, interesting and touching sight to watch her while she felt of the various exhibits. The eloquence of her hands, as she moved them slowly and with infinite care over a base-relief, for instance, was something extremely fine and rare to see. In order to examine some of the larger pieces of sculpture she was obliged to mount a step ladder to reach the upper parts of the works. She recognized the portrait bust of Philips Brooks instantly, without having received any intimation of the identity of the subject.

THE REINA MERCEDES COMING TO NEWPORT.

Cruiser Reina Mercedes, which has been assigned for use as a training ship, is supposed to be on her way here from the Portsmouth navy yard, to be turned over to the Training Station. The Reina Mercedes is the only large Spanish ship that the navy has as a trophy of the Spanish war, all the other craft being small. She is of 3,090 tons' displacement, 279 feet long, 43 feet beam and 19 feet deep, is barkrigged, and was built in 1887 at Cartheagena, Spain. She has 2,700 horse-power, and a speed of 17 knots.

SLIPPERY COALHOLE COVERS.

The nuisance of smooth iron coalhole covers was very noticeable last night. The loose snow that was pushed over them by passing feet giving many pedestrians a fall or a wrench from slipping. Several of these coalholes are in the vicinity of Washington square. One in front of the Coggeshall building is an eyehole cover, owned by the city, and should be replaced by one that has a corrugated surface. The city cannot consistently ask private owners to replace slippery coalhole covers by ones that are safe as long as it maintains a slide in such a public place as the corner of Washington square and Thames street. Another slippery cover is at Green street, by the Aquidneck Bank.

RHODE ISLAND COAL.

Present Condition of the Mines at Portsmouth.

Repeated Failures of Attempts to Utilize the Products Since the Beginning of the Century.

Coal under it and all around it, yet dependent upon the slow and high-priced arrivals from Pennsylvania, is the condition that Newport is in today. Coal in unestimated quantity almost within reach, yet the city has almost a famine, and the poor man and the man of moderate means are compelled to put all their surplus cash, and more, into their stoves. A coal dealer has remarked that the citizens seemed this year to be particularly flush with money, for they were flocking to the coal offices with cash in their hands to buy the high-priced necessity. Most people know, though, that the public must have coal, and that credit is not asked for, as cash is believed to be a strong argument in securing it, so money that would otherwise pay other necessary bills, or provide little luxuries, is filling the pockets of the men between the operators and themselves. All this comes from dependence upon the distant coal fields, and one is inclined to ask why it should be. It is largely because Rhode Island coal is so high in carbon that under usual circumstances it is not considered desirable fuel, and hence there is no market for it in ordinary times.

But these are not ordinary times, one naturally replies, and why is not the coal placed on the market now is the question. This is not so easily answered. Up in Cranston a mine has been opened and coal is being disposed of as rapidly as it can be taken out—in fact, the demand is reported much greater than the capacity of the plant, under the makeshift methods of operation. The coal there is very little, if any, different from that on this island, and there are thousands of tons at the Portsmouth mines already on the surface in the culm piles, which a little preparation would turn into a very acceptable fuel at the present time. Under this city similar veins are known to exist, and in grading at Jamestown this fall some black material which burned when placed in the stove was uncovered, and yet not a hand is turned to take advantage of this provision of nature.

An old sea captain, in expressing himself upon the value of Rhode Island coal, is accredited with saying that at the end of the world he believes Rhode Island will be the last place to burn. He thinks the fires of the infernal regions are not hot enough to burn such coal as underlies the greater portion of this state; yet it must be denied that his opinion has any good foundation. The fact is that at Portsmouth two shafts, one approaching 2,000 feet in depth and the other nearly half as deep, have been dug and their products actually used. The mine was a success years ago, when the coal was used for smelting purposes, but it was not a complete failure for household purposes, for people about the mines used it in their kitchen stoves, and within a very few years the writer burned in his heater a quantity of the briquets, which were manufactured from the culm, with good success. The briquets gave off a black smoke and required a little study, which at that time people were disinclined to give, because they could secure plenty of the superior article from Pennsylvania. The briquets were of little use for keeping a slow fire, but when heat was wanted they gave it, and plenty of it, without forced draft, as some persons supposed necessary, while the ashes were as easy to take care of as those of red ash coal.

The company that made the briquets sunk a large amount of money in the improvement of the plant and equipment, and was then forced to abandon work, because the product did not take with the public at that time. Recently experiments were made at the mines, and it was declared they were very successful, so far as showing the burning qualities of the coal for the purpose intended was concerned, but the proposition to reopen the plant was given a check when it came to arranging terms for leasing the property from the present owners, and the plant remains idle. One of the methods of burning the culm, for that was all that was tried, the mines being filled with water, was by mixing it with soft coal, while the briquets were prepared by the use of pitch or tar.

The plant is ready for operation, with the exception of a moulder if briquets were to be made, and much of the machinery is in good condition and all the buildings are new, so that it would not require much capital to start the plant, if arrangements could be made. What met with no demand a few years ago would, for the present at least, be received with open arms, if the present situation is properly judged, and it might develop a prosperous future for the mines, though, because of the lack of volatile gases, Rhode Island coal is not a complete success.

Learned men declare that of all the coal deposits under Rhode Island soil, or, rather, within her boundary, the best is that under the waters of the bay, and that if that could be had it would be found to burn quite freely. Coal there, however, seems about as far out of reach of the public as that in the hands of the speculators, who are accredited with holding up the product from the Pennsylvania mines until they can get their prices. Mr. Taylor, who last experimented with the coal at the Portsmouth mines, but failed to secure suitable leases, has since been investigating Rhode Island coal at Arlington, and it is claimed that he has obtained a mixture, which can be made at small cost, which supplies to the coal what it lacks in the natural condition to make it a free burner, and so the hope is expressed that some day Newport may have available coal mines at its doors.

Work stopped at the mines about 21 years ago, when the miners brought their picks up and abandoned actual digging. Records show that mining was begun as far back as 1808 at the south shaft, known as Crocker mine. Perkins Nichols was the industrious individual, but he made a failure, from a financial standpoint, and his fortune was but one of many at this time. In 1840 the next real effort appears to have been made. Otis Peters was the operator this time, and began working the shaft, which he found about 100 feet deep. For three years his efforts continued, and the shaft went down to four or five times that depth. A Hartford company next took it, and made an attempt to introduce the product for manufacturing plants, sending out experts to instruct in its use. The complaint was that the fire the coal made with forced draft was too hot, and melted the boilers. Three years ended these efforts. A Worcester company next took the plant, and worked it for a few years.

The real success came when the property passed into the hands of the Taunton Copper company, about 1860, and for a score of years the mine paid. The company found the shaft about 800 feet deep, but more than doubled it during its workings. The company also worked the Mount Hope mine, and connected the two by a run about a third of a mile long, while they developed various other runs, all of which showed an inexhaustible supply of coal. The Taunton company had located down by the shore the works where the coal was used for the smelting of copper, for which it seemed particularly well adapted, and the mine would probably still be used for that purpose were it not that the metal is now worked nearer the place where it is mined.

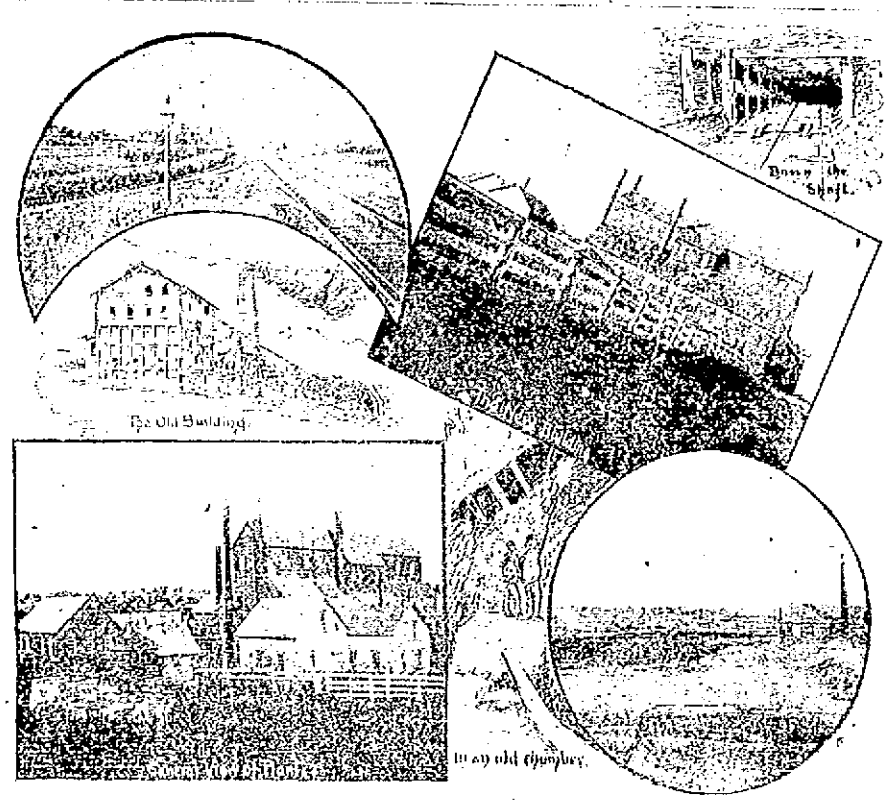
The Worcester Steel Works were the next to attempt the working of the mine, and prepared to take the coal to their furnaces. Some of the culm was used in this way, and there was talk of moving their plant to the mines, where taxes and water rates would be less. This was in 1889, and preparations were only begun, for the mines had to be pumped out, when work was again abandoned, through change of plans incident to consolidations.

The last effort was about three years ago, when the buildings were rebuilt and a large amount of money was expended in preparing for the manufacture of briquets, a form of fuel which has met with considerable favor abroad, where refuse is thus made marketable.

On this last effort the mines were very nearly pumped out, and it was proposed to engage in active mining, but nothing was done, though the Worcester people did a little before closing down. There is a third mine near at hand, called the Mitchel mine, but in this little work has been done, the shaft going down only about 125 feet. Work in this shaft was started by a farmer by the name of Mitchel. Just at the present time the mines are deserted, though a near-by resident keeps a watchful eye over the property for the owners.

REVIVAL OF THE RAG CARPET.

The extraordinary interest which is being shown in native handicraft, of every description has led to a revival of the rag carpet of our grandmothers. Mrs. Candace Wheeler, the well known writer on artistic household decoration, has written a book on "How to Make Rugs," in which the various forms of the ancient industry of home woven carpets are charmingly described. Many of the costly Eastern rugs, it is pointed out, are as simply woven as these rag carpets, the only difference being in the choice of materials and colors. Recently artistic persons have gone into the process of carpet-making, and having resurrected certain old looms from New England garrets, have set whole communities to work to supply the city markets. Mrs. Wheeler has absorbed much color lore and instructs in the art of dyeing with indigo, walnut bark, copperas, logwood, and iron rust. It is now possible to buy rugs and carpets made of clean rags, dyed with these homely materials, which are washable, artistic to look upon and more durable than any other native carpet.



EACH NUMBER A "TOP-LINER."

Gus Sun's Minstrel Performance Brilliant and Clean, and Greeted Enthusiastically.

A small but enthusiastic audience greeted Gus Sun's American Minstrels at the Opera House last evening, and their appreciation was thoroughly warranted, for the performance was brilliant and clean. The troupe is not large, but all the men billed are stars.

The first part was cleverly set and carried out, and was full of talking songs and crisp jokes. The vocalists were good singers, and the orchestra was capable. The second part contained five numbers, and each might be called a "top-liner." Sam Horner and Lew Diamond gave a black-face knockabout which caused a continual roar of laughter. John Gross did tricks with the bones which seemed impossible, and the Brothers Nassud were very clever in their gymnastic act. Fred P. Russell, as a monologist, was a huge success, his experiences as a floor walker being very funny. Charles De Vare and Fred De Carle introduced new and difficult acts upon the triple bar, worked in with a little comedy in black face.

The show was of the sort that does not require a minstrel fiend to appreciate, but was so entertaining that every one could laugh and be happy. It was a case of "best goods in small packages."

NEW YORK SOCIETY NOTES.

Robert L. Livingston gave his bachelor dinner Saturday evening, when he entertained the Messrs. McRee Livingston, Charles De Lancey Oelrichs, Robert Livingston Gerry, Ernest Iselin, Francis L. V. Hoppin, Allen Wallace and De Lancey Kountze, who will attend him at his wedding with Miss Helen L. Kountze Saturday. Mr. Livingston is the second son of Mrs. Henry W. Livingston, who was Miss Mary S. McRae. Mr. Livingston and his bride, after a brief trip, will be at the club at Tuxedo until spring, when the pretty Colonial residence Mr. Kountze has had built for his daughter at Morristown, N. J., near his own, will be ready for them.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt will pass their Christmas holidays at Biltmore, N. C., and will have a house party there. Mr. Vanderbilt has such confidence in the air of Biltmore that he makes a practice of inviting his friends there who are ailing or convalescing. Allan A. Robbins, who has been the guest of the Vanderbilts, with his wife, of late, has but recently recovered from the typhoid.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fulton Cutting give a dance this evening in New York, when they will introduce Miss Cutting. It will be preceded by some big dinners. That of Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden will be one of these. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton McKay Twombly will also entertain a number of the young people at dinner.

ARRIVAL OF VICE COMMODORE BOURNE'S YACHT.

Steam yacht Maria, owned by Vice Commodore F. G. Bourne of the New York Yacht Club, arrived here this morning, 11 days and 16 hours from the Azores, after a rather stormy run, during which much bad weather was experienced. Captain E. Sortdell has been here since Friday, looking for the yacht, which will remain here until the arrival of Mr. Bourne. The Maria is a sister-ship to steam yacht May, formerly owned by Commodore E. D. Morgan and now the property of Mrs. Fell of Philadelphia. She is a good sea boat, or she would not have been sent across the Atlantic in this sort of weather.

Holiday Goods.

My large stock of useful and ornamental goods, suitable for Christmas gifts, is now on exhibition. A careful examination of it is invited.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN.

COAL.

Hickory, Oak, Maple,
Southern and Eastern
PINE WOODS.
PREPARED IN ANY MANNER DESIRED.
Southern Pine Kindlings.
ALSO
KINDLINGS, 5 Barrels for $1.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN.
WM. H. BOONE, Agent.
Telephone 915.

AN ELABORATE ENTERTAINMENT.

Program for the Christmas Day Services for Washington Commandery, Knights Templar.

Washington Commandery, No. 4, K. T., has arranged for an elaborate entertainment Christmas day, in conformance with the orders of the grand commander of Knights Templar and the appendant orders of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. A toast to the most eminent grand master, Sir Knight Henry Bates Stoddard, will be drunk in silence, and the grand master will send a response. Wives of members are expected to be present. The official program is as follows:

Address by the eminent commander, Eminent Sir Joseph Gibson.

Toast "To Our Most Eminent Grand Master, Henry Bates Stoddard: May our order under his sway become the noblest champion of the Christian virtues."

Response by Right Eminent Sir John P. Sanborn past grand commander.

Music.

Toast "To the Grand Commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island."

Response by Eminent Sir Overton G. Langley, past commander.

Toast to "The Order of the Temple: Sublime in its principles, brilliant in its history, grand in its achievements, glorious in its hopes."

Response by Sir Herbert W. Lull.

Music.

Toast to "St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M."

Response by Right Worshipful Robert S. Franklin, past master.

Toast to "St. Paul's Lodge, No. 14, A. F. & A. M."

Response by the Master, Worshipful F. Augustus Ward.

Toast to "Our Sister Commanderies: A brilliant Sisterhood, bound to each other and to the Grand Commandery by chords of love."

Response by Eminent Sir David Stevens, past commander.

Toast to "Woman: The protege, the inspiration and the benediction of the true Mason."

Response by Rev. and Brother T. E. Chandler.

Music.

Recitation, by Sir A. R. Commerford.

GYMNASIUM NOTES.

Chromatic League's Third Series Opens With Fifty-two Entries; Directors' Meeting Postponed.

The third series in the Chromatic League opened at the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium Monday evening, with 52 entries. The events were three broad jumps in athletics, and the back in gymnastics. The winning teams in athletics were as follows: Blue, 460; Yellow, 414, and Orange, 168. The leading men were E. S. James, 28 feet; M. O'Connor, 27 feet 6½ inches, and H. G. Riley, 26 feet 9 inches. In gymnastics the leading teams were Yellow, 825; Orange, 522, and Lavender, 511. The best men were G. C. Champion, 915, and H. E. Hallberg, 300, with H. R. Chase and E. S. James tied for third, at 886.

The result of the bowling last evening places Rankin's team in first place, with a percentage of .666, Sherman's team being second, with .555, and Christian's third, with .500. Bosworth's and Sherman's teams will bowl tonight.

The directors' meeting called for last evening was postponed until Thursday night, on account of no quorum.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The one hundred and fifty-third annual communication of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. F. and A. M., was held last evening, when the following officers were elected and appointed, and installed by District Deputy Grand Master Walter A. Fresbrey, assisted by Past Master John A. Tilliston of St. John's Lodge, Providence, as master of ceremonies:

Worshipful Master—Robert W. Carry.
Senior Warden—Edward P. Lake.
Junior Warden—George C. Lawton.
Treasurer—James G. Topham.
Secretary—Asa Hildreth.
Chaplain—Overton G. Langley.
Senior Deacon—George Melville.
Junior Deacon—Charles A. James.
Senior Steward—George W. Wright.
Junior Steward—John Frazer.
Sentinel—Alexander Nicol.
Tyler—J. Gottlieb Spingler.
Musical Director—William R. Boone.
Marshal—William Carry.

Division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians, has elected the following officers:

President—James J. Sullivan.
Vice President—George Lovell.
Recording Secretary—Edward Sullivan.
Financial Secretary—John Fagan.
Treasurer—V. F. Kelley.
Marshall—Edward McCarty.
Trustees—Dr. Edward V. Murphy, D. E. Sullivan and M. J. Kelley.

AUCTION SALES.

By Thos. Burlingham, Auctioneer.

AQUIDNECK HALL,
Thursday, Dec. 18, at 10 o'clock,
TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.
One Very Fine Upholstered Sleigh, 1 Single Harness.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.
NEWPORT, SC.:

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
NEWPORT, December 6, A. D. 1902.

BY VIRTUE and in pursuance of an Execution Number 1013 issued out of the Common Pleas Division of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island within and for the County of Newport, on the twenty-sixth day of November, A. D. 1902, and returnable to the said Court, May Seventeenth, A. D. 1903, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the Fourteenth day of November, A. D. 1902, in favor of Henry Bothamley of the City and County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, Plaintiff, and against Sallie H. W. Carr of the City, County and State of New York, Defendant, I have this day at 15 minutes past twelve o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant Sallie H. W. Carr had on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1902, at 15 minutes past twelve o'clock A. M., the time of the attachment on the original writ, in and to the following described goods and chattels to wit: 2 Portraits and 1 Italian Painting AND notice is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on goods and chattels at Public Auction at Burlingham's Hall Store, in said City of Newport, on the **15th day of December, A. D. 1902,** at 11 o'clock A. M., for the satisfaction of said execution, with interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent charges, if sufficient.

HUGH N. CLIFFORD, Deputy Sheriff.

NEW BOOKS.

Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son.

A BOOK WELL WORTH READING.

VERBA CRUCIS, by Rev. T. C. McClelland.
TOILING OF FELIX, Henry van Dyke.
DAILY STRENGTH FOR DAILY NEEDS.
JOY AND STRENGTH FOR THE PILGRIM'S DAY.
TRUE HISTORY OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, by S. G. Fisher.
DONNA DIANA, by Richard Bagot.
FAMOUS PAINTINGS DESCRIBED BY GREAT WRITERS.
FURNITURE OF OUR FOREFATHERS, 2 vols., by Esther Singleton. Very finely illustrated $20.
HISTORY OF THE XIX CENTURY, YEAR BY YEAR.
YOUNG FOLKS CYCLOPAEDIA OF LITERATURE AND ART.

BIBLES OF ALL KINDS.
PRAYER BOOKS AND HYMNALS.
CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS, BIBLES AND A VERY FINE CALENDAR, illustrated by Ethel Barry.
THE NEW CHRISTY PASTELS, 4 subjects.
VIEWS OF NEWPORT, in a book form that would make a nice present for out of town friends.

SIMON HART,
202 THAMES STREET.

Christmas Cards,
Calendars and Novelties,

All the Latest Books,
Prayer Books and Bibles,
Writing Cases, Pocketbooks,
and Other Leather Goods.

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CARR'S,
DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

Fresh Cut Flowers

Cut every morning and cut to order.

Funeral Work and Wedding Decoration a Specialty.
PRICES VERY LOW.
Telephone orders will receive prompt attention.
H. J. HASS, 196 Thames Street.

"PAINT YOUR HOUSE."
FOR DURABLE WORK
—TRY—
HOWARD, PAINTER AND DECORATOR,
OFFICE, 172 SPRING STREET.
Telephone 451-2.

The Lappin Store.

Lowest Prices in Town.

SPECIAL

—FOR—

Tuesday and Wednesday,
4 Dozen
Eider-down Wrappers or Bath Robes,
All sizes, in Pink, Blue, Red and Grey, value $5.
Special Tuesday and Wednesday,
$3.98.
Just the thing for Xmas Gifts

—AT—

LADIES' FURNISHERS.